W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

WE NEVER SLEEP
Always Open.
People's Popular
Prescription Pharmacy
C. E. JONES,
36 Government St

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1893. No. 207

AT THE WESTSIDE August 30th, 1893.

New Hopsacking Tweeds, 54 inches wide.
New English Tweeds, 54 inches wide.
New Navy Diagonal Serges, 58 inches wide.
New Black Diagonal Serges, 58 inches wide.
New Black and Colored Cashmeres, 44 in. wide.
New French Twills, 44 inches wide.
New Black and Colored Crepons, 42 in. wide.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

BEAR IN MIND

That we supply THE TRADE with the Celebrated Woonsocket Brand

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.

SEND ORDERS DIRECT LENZ & LEISER

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

—BANKERS—

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Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

AGENTS FOR

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W. H. PERRY,

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves,
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

WEILER BROS.

Latest Arrivals

Japanese Leather Paperhangings, 36 in. wide
Japanese Drapery Crepes, 27 in. wide
Art Cambric Prints } For Curtains,
Sateen Cretone } Draperies, Etc.
White Satin Finish & Marcella Bed Quilts
Table, Banquet and Library Lamps
Tea Kettles with Wrought Iron Stands
New additions to Furniture and Carpet Stocks always arriving.

SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH FOR YOUR MONEY

Is what you receive from us.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

The finest assortment of Ready-Made Clothing ever seen in British Columbia is now on exhibition at our store. While others are complaining of hard times we are selling more good ready-made Suits than ever before. See our windows. Suits from $15 to $25, and no trouble to sell them; they sell themselves because they are just what the people want. No other stores have the same class of goods.

We have all sizes up to 50 in. chest measure. Suits for big men a specialty.

We have all styles—Single and Double Breasted Sac., Single and Double Breasted Frock, Full Dress Suits, Eaton Suits. An inspection solicited.

Boot and Shoe Department next door below.

35 & 37 Johnson St., Victoria. GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—The second volume of Vancouver's voyage, from the gate of No. 1 Bird Cage Walk, a few days ago. Finder will be rewarded on returning the book to Mr. Anderson, Department of Agriculture. It.

Shorthand and Typewriting.

I am making arrangements for Classes in SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING—day and evening—and would be pleased if intending students would call or write for further particulars.

J. A. BATES,
Sept4-6t Hotel Brunswick.

THE Clarence Hotel

Has been Reopened under new management, and has been thoroughly Renovated and Refurnished.

....Fifty-Two First-Class Bedrooms...

THE BAR IS STOCKED WITH THE CHOICEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS. ALSO BILLIARD & POOL ROOMS

Everything in connection with the above will be run in first-class style.

WISHART & MELDRUM,
Sept4 Proprietors.

Temple Emanu-El,

Cor. Blanchard and Pandora Sts.

Pews and Seats can now be obtained for the coming Holidays. Applications for same will be received by the Board of Trustees at the Temple, on Wednesday evening next, from 8 to 9 o'clock, and on Sunday next from 11 a.m. to3 p.m.; also at the store of E. Frank, Esq., Government Street, during the present week.

N. E. REINHARDT,
Secry. Con. Emanu-el.
(Colonist copy.)

DO NOT FORGET THE

Weekly Auction Sale

—OF—

General Household Goods

—AT—

DUFOUR'S AUCTION MART

No. 102 Douglas Street,
Near City Hall, on

TO-MORROW, Sept. 5, 1893

Sale at 1:30 o'clock, p.m.

A nice lot of Bedroom Suites and fine Brussels Carpets will be sold at this sale.

W. DUFOUR & CO.,
Sept4-1t Auctioneer.

FOURTH ANNUAL

LABOR DAY DEMONSTRATION

AT CALEDONIA GROUNDS

Nanaimo, Sept. 9, 1893,

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF NANAIMO T. & L. COUNCIL

Grand Procession of Trades Unions,

ADDRESSES, SPORTS AND DANCING.

GRAND LACROSSE MATCH,

NANAIMO vs. VICTORIA.

SPEAKERS—Lafayette of Seattle, T. Foster, M.P.P.; Rev. R. Maxwell, Rev. McRae, and T. Keith, M.P.P.

Chairman of Day, MAYOR HASLAM.

Music by Vancouver City Band, Northfield Band and Nanaimo Silver Cornet Band.

Admission to Grounds Free. Dancing 50c.

WM. JONES, Secretary. T. KEITH, M.P.P., President.

ONE THOUSAND DEAD

Fearful Scenes During the Great Southern Storms.

BEAUFORT PHOSPHATE ISLANDS SWEPT

Corpses Piled in Festering Heaps in the Swamps.

Splendid Heroism of George P. Elliott —The Roaring Hurricane Has no Terrors for Him—Gallant Rescues Inhuman Conduct at the Wreck of the Savannah.

Columbia, Sept. 4.—A report has reached here that the sea islands of Beaufort county have been completely overwhelmed by the sea and five hundred lives lost. The islands are low and are exposed directly to the force of storms. They contain the great sea island cotton fields.

Savannah, Ga., Sept. 4.—It is now certain that the official report of the loss of the steamer City of Savannah will severely censure the captains of two tugs and a schooner sighted at the time the ship lay aground off Hunting Island. It was not known before, and is now stated for the first time, that on the second night, when the ship was momentarily expected to go to pieces, a request was sent to a big boat astern of the Birmingham, to circle the Savannah and approach in comparatively smooth water. Mattresses were hung over the side of the City of Savannah to break the concussion should the tug strike the side in the approach, and all was in readiness for making fast. The request was carried by men in a small boat from the City of Birmingham. The captain of the tug replied that he would not venture near as he was short of coal and had to go to Beaufort to replenish. He left promising to return at daylight, but never did so. At no time would it be unsafe to approach the City of Savannah as directed, around the boat. All this has been set forth in the report.

The captain of the tug reported at St. Catherines that he had been all around the City of Savannah and had seen no signs of life. This was 24 hours before the crew left, and was untrue. At the time he made the report he supposed all hands lost. Some other very ugly facts showing gross inhumanity, are sure to crop out. The hull of the ship is very little damaged and the company will make an effort at once to take her off and put her in service again. Captain Savage will no doubt gain command of her, he says that from her port side she appears all right and that side is in good condition, but her starboard side is entirely taken way, to all appearances. However, there is nothing serious the matter with her hull, and if that can be saved the total damage will not run beyond $100,000.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 4.—Phosphate Inspector Jones returned last Saturday night from Beaufort. He reports to Governor Tillman that he believes the number of the dead caused by the hurricane will exceed 1000. The aggregate loss to the phosphate companies at Beaufort is close to $350,000. With a liberal policy adopted by the state and concessions granted, the Coosawa, Farmers' and Beaufort companies can resume operations in sixty days, if money and labor can be secured. A large number of phosphate hands had built their own homes on Coosawa Island. With strong glasses Inspector Jones could not see a single house. There is danger of water famine all over the islands, and even in Beaufort county all the wells and cisterns are filled with salt water. The bodies are being mutilated by carrion crows, and are very offensive. The searchers have not begun to find even a portion of the bodies. Some of them are swept up in the marshes where man cannot go. At Cain's Neck there are deer, cows, hogs, snakes and all kinds of wild animals piled up together, making the section so offensive that no one can go near it. There is not provisions on the islands to last the people a week. They are dying from starvation. It is not money they want as much as provisions and clothing. Their needs are immediate. Many persons had to tie themselves to trees to keep from being swept away. The people act like maniacs and are crying for bread. Some have nothing on but shirts.

Stories of heroism are coming in constantly since the cyclone, but none is more thrilling than that of George P. Elliott, a cousin of ex-Congressman Elliott of this state. Elliott is 25 and lives in Beaufort. At the risk of his life he saved the lives of 14 others. With much reluctance Elliott said to a reporter yesterday: "On Sunday when the breeze began to freshen into a gale I prepared everything on my boat for a storm. All my tools that could be carried away I lashed securely to their places, and when the storm broke I was ready for it. As a consequence my boat was the only one of the mining fleet that weathered the gale without loss, but we had a hard time of it. The wind and waves swept me along in spite of my anchors and I skimmed along 30 miles an hour over marshes and even trees until finally my boat lodged in an oak tree. I ordered my boat fastened to it, and there it still is, safe and sound. While running over the trees I saw a man in the water clinging to a tree and threw a line to him. He was James Wilson, steward of the dredge, who had been washed overboard when it went down. As he came alongside I reached down, grabbed him by the wrist and pulled him on board. It was about daylight when I discovered the Oglethorp dredge wrecked nearly a mile away. I thought I could see figures clinging on top of her. A moment later I saw a tug scudding before the wind and waves almost within hailing distance of the Oglethorp, and I thought surely those on board would rescue them. They did not however, and as they passed me I called to know why. They said they could not see anyone on board her, but I did not think I could be mistaken and I determined to go to the rescue. It was nearly a mile and the wind was piling up waves that were washing over my boat. I forced one of my negro hands to join me, and we lowered the yawl and life lines and sprang in with the oars. It was the hardest pull I ever had. Those on board other dredges and boats who saw the start thought it was equivalent to suicide. We reached the Oglethorp and found the son of Jacob Paulsen of Savannah, young Hammond, superintendent of the Beaufort phosphate works and a negro, George Stapleton, all lashed to the top of the frame. They had been clinging there for nine hours and were almost dead from exhaustion. We got them into our yawl and carried them back in safety. On the same trip we picked up seven negroes floating in the water and clinging to trees and other objects. I was not at all frightened of excited when I set out for the Oglethorp. To show you how reckless it was regarded, when I returned and got four more men, an old man whom I never regarded as emotional or excitable flung his arms around my neck and cried like a child."

Behring Sea Patrol.

Washington City, Sept. 2.—Orders were sent by mail from the navy department to-day for the dissolution of the Behring Sea fleet. The Bear and Rush will remain in Behring Sea until November and October 1 respectively, while the Mohican, Ranger, Albatross and Corwin will go to San Francisco immediately on receipt of their orders, probably starting south about October 15. On account of the uncertainty of American interests in China, because of the Geary law, the gunboat Petrel will be sent to China without delay. She will sail from Unalaska in about two weeks, and will be joined by the gunboat Concord in Chinese waters early in October. Letters received in this city from China state that private persons and secret organizations on the Pacific coast are sending the Chinese back to their native land and the recent bad feeling has been augmented.

Bermuda and the States.

Washington, Sept. 4.—In the house to-day the committee on ways and means began a hearing on the tariffs. Messrs. Woodson and Masters, members of the Bermuda house of assembly, began their argument in favor of the abolition of the duty on vegetables.

Panama, Colombia, Sept. 4.—Advices from Chile state that the secretary of state at Washington has notified the government of Chile that the American government earnestly desires to eradicate any impression of disagreeable relations that may exist between the countries, and that they will not offer any claim in the tribunal of arbitration now sitting in the United States not based on strict justice. The depreciation in silver has caused much more loss than expected.

BROKE JAIL.

Escape of a Gang of Notorious Criminals From Prison.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 4.—Chester Scott, the noted train robber, desperado and murderer, escaped from jail here last night with five other prisoners. Scott and the five others occupied cells opening on the corridor in which are the bath rooms. They were allowed to go into the corridor at their own request so that they might take a bath for Sunday. About 8 o'clock a note was thrown through the grating by the hallboy, who is one of he prisoners. This note was picked up by a relative of the jailer and thrust in his pocket. Had the note been read the escape would never have occurred. It was written by the prisoner and told of the plot. At 7 o'clock Jailer Copeland unlocked the big iron doors leading from the office to the store portion of the jail. In this the prisoners escaped. Scott and the others stood ready to greet the jailer when he opened te main door. The wife of the jailer stood just behind him. As the door was opened the jailer was struck with an iron bar and knocked down. The jailer's wife was also knocked down and the mother of the jailer was run over. Copeland was badly hurt but rushed to the door and fired his pistol at the runaways. One was wounded but hobbled off. A posse with a pack of blood hounds was sent after the prisoners.

Chester Scott is the only prisoner of importance. At the last term of court he was found guilty of the murder of Sheriff McGinnis of Gordon county. He was brought here for safe keeping, threats being made to lynch him. The sheriff had attempted to arrest Scott and the Morrow brothers, the most noted outlaws of Georgia. The trio had committed highway robbery several times and were much feared. Their last offense was the robbery of an East Tennessee and Georgia train. McGinnis followed them to their hiding place and attempted to secure tem. Scott was caught, but the Morrow brothers are still hiding in the mountains.

Concerning Satolli.

Rome, Sept. 4.—The Pope has written Satolli, papal delegate to the United States and Cardinal Gibbons important confidential letters which are now on the way to America in charge of a priest. It is understood the letters are the outcome of reports of alleged opposition in New York to Monsigneur Satolli.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Pharmaceutical Association of British Columbia

EXAMINATIONS.

The Semi-Annual Examination for diploma as Licentiate of Pharmacy will take place on the 3rd and 4th days of October, 1893.

All intending candidates must notify the Registrar on or before Sept. 19th, two weeks before thte examination.

Candidates for registration on Diplomas from other Associations must deposit same with the Registrar before Sept. 17th.

Further particulars may be had from CHARLES NELSON, Sec.-Registrar.
P.O. Box 58, Vancouver, B.C.

TRUST CLEVELAND

Financiers of the United States Have Faith in Grover.

MONEY MATTERS MUST BE MENDED

Under His Administration or Risk Neglect in Future.

Many Valuable Suggestions Offered—Secretary Carlisle Instructed to Draft a Bill Embodying These Suggestions Desperate Prisoners Break Jail—Bloodhounds Put on Their Track.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Mr. Cleveland, it is said, has letters from presidents or other authorized representatives of all but two of the national banks in Chicago, expressing a willingness to cooperate with him in bringing about such a change in the banking system as will permit the national banks to organize state institutions, provided the law shall be so drawn as to guarantee a sound currency and continue government inspection and supervision. Similar expressions have been received from all the national banks in New York by the president except four, and from 57 national banking institutions in Massachusetts, including a majority of those in Boston. The bankers believe that an early change is inevitable, and they are willing that it should take place under Mr. Cleveland's administration, because they know him to be in favor of a sound system and honest money. They recognize the wisdom of changing now instead of postponing until an unfriendly administration, and perhaps unwise congress, may come into power.

These letters were laid before the conference to-day and suggestions from some of the bankers and financiers who had written them and the secretary of the treasury were listened to with deep interest. The whole matter was discussed informally, and as a result of the conference it was left to Mr. Carlisle to have a bill drawn up looking to a change in the banking laws. The bill will provide for the reorganization of the national banks as state institutions, and the repeal of the 10 per cent. tax will permit them to issue currency in the same manner as national banks now do. The currency will be based upon state, municipal or other bonds, or private securities of such a character as to meet the approval of the authorities. The system of banking by the United States is to be continued and the government is to stand good for the redemption of the currency in gold.

Such state banks as now exist will be permitted to issue currency provided they comply with the requirements of the new law, but against such banks as do not reorganize in compliance with the law the 10 per cent. tax will stand. That feature of the present law which provides that banks may issue currency only to the amount of 10 per cent. of their bonds will probably be retained, as it is expected the extension of the privilege to the many state institutions which would take advantage of it would sufficiently increase the volume of currency. It would therefore naturally extend with the growth of the banking system.

Washington, Sept. 4.—After the ordinary routine business and the passage by the two houses of joint resolutions for the observance of the hundredth anniversary of the laying of the corner-stone of the capitol, an amendment to the silver repeal act was offered by A. Butler, Dem., S. C. It was referred to the finance committee. The bill repealing the 10 per cent. tax on state banks was introduced by Mr. Gallinger, Rep., N. H. The supplement pension act of June 27th, 1890, provides that except in cases which have been established by fraud no pension can be suspended. Mr. Gallinger explained to the senate the objects of his amending the bill, which was referred to the committee on pensions.

Allen offered a resolution enquiring of the Secretary of the Treasury why silver bullion was not coined. It was referred and Cullom, Rep., proceeded to address the senate in favor of repeal.

The French Chamber.

Paris, Sept. 3.—The second ballots in France yesterday stood: 141 Republicans, 11 "rallied" and 9 Conservatives elected. The Republicans gained 20 seats. The final results of the French elections show that the chamber virtually consists of 68 Conservatives, 513 Republicans, embracing 60 Socialists, and 25 Conservative "rallies."

CAPITAL CHAT.

A Visit From Senator Ferguson—Sir John in Montreal.

Ottawa, Sept. 4.—Senator Ferguson will leave to-night on a trip to the Pacific coast.

Sir John Thompson was in Montreal over Sunday seeing Abbott.

Paying the Sealing Claims.

Collector Milne and Capt. Gaudin, of the marine and fisheries department, resumed the payment of the claims of the seamen and hunters under the allowance for the modus vivendi of 1891, at the custom house this afternoon. A number of Indians entitled to compensation presented their claims. The work of straightening the claims out and paying them progresses very slowly.

Patriarchal Age.

Huntingdon, Que., Sept. 4.—Mrs. Janet McNair, aged 111, probably the oldest woman in Canada, is dead. James McNair, husband of the deceased, died 14 years ago at 107. Yet, notwithstanding the great importance attached to heredity, only three out of seven children survived the deceased couple, but the grand children and great grandchildren are almost innumerable.

RELIGIOUS CONGRESS.

Assembly of Members of All Religious Creeds To-Day.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—For the first time in the history of the world the barriers of creed have been brushed aside, and to-day representatives of every faith—Confucianism, Buddhism, Zoroastrianism, Mohammedanism, Christianity, and the scores of other religions that claim more or less numerous followers in one part of the world or another—are gathered together for the purpose of discussion and mutual enlightenment.

Although the idea of Christians meeting representatives of every faith on an equal footing did not at first meet with favor, when it was explained that participation in the congress would not necessitate an admission that any particular faith was a mere matter of argument, but that the objects of the gathering were to be largely humanitarian, responses were received from members of every sect and natives of almost every country on the face of the earth.

The oriental nations, notwithstanding their proverbial exclusiveness in matters of religion, are well represented on the committee having charge of the preliminary arrangements for the gathering, prominent among them being Hon. Mr. Justice Ameer Ali, of the supreme court of Calcutta, an orthodox Mahommedan, Rev. Zitsuzen Ashitsu of Japan, a Buddhist; Nilkanth Vithal Shastri, a high priest of the Hindus, besides a representatives of a score of ancient beliefs peculiar to Southern Asia.

The first week of the congress will consist of separate meetings of the different sects, while later on union meetings will be held, in which speakers of different faiths will alternate with each other in explaining their doctrines. Among the most notable of the individual congress is that of the Roman Catholic church, which was inaugurated with solemn high mass at the Cathedral of the Holy Name this morning. Nearly 2,000 delegates will participate in the gathering, and the Hall of Columbus was crowded to its utmost capacity when the first formal session was called to order at 11 o'clock under the honorary presidency of Cardinal Gibbons. After the formal addresses of welcome the session was devoted to papers relating to Columbus and the period of discovery. The real work of the convention will begin to-morrow, when topics of a practical character will be taken up.

Samoa's Chief Justice.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 2.—The state department confirms the statement that the president has decided to appoint Henry C. Ide of St. Johnsbury, Vt., ex-land commissioner of the United States to Samoa, to the position of chief justice of Samoa, an office corresponding to that held by the president of the provisional government of Hawaii. The selection of Mr. Ide was made by the United States with the consent of Germany and Great Britain, the other parties to the protectorate, Mr. Ide being well known to both the English and German governments during his incumbency of the office of land commissioner of Samoa, and it is said that Germany made the suggestion that he be given the chief justiceship. The former chief justice, Leiderkrats, was selected by Germany with the consent of Great Britain and the United States. Mr. Ide was a candidate for the chief justiceship when Herr Liederkrats was appointed.

Sunday School Meeting.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 4.—The second world's Sunday school convention, the first ever held in America, was opened in the great music hall of the exposition building this morning. It is the last and most important of the meetings of the Sunday school workers that have been in progress here for the past week. The only former convention of the kind was held in London in 1889, and was attended by over four hundred delegates from the United States and Canada alone. Nearly 2,000 delegates presented credentials to the secretary this morning, but the remainder represented nearly every quarter of the civilized globe. Among the American delegates are Rev. John Hall of New York, Rev. John H. Vincent of Buffalo, and Dr. Warren Randolph of Rhode Island. Among Canada's representatives are Hon. S. H. Blake, Q. C., and Dr. Potts, while the representation from Great Britain includes Rev. J. Munro Gibson, Rev. C. H. Kelly, Rev. S. Green, and Prof. Cave of London. Delegates are also present from France, Germany, Belgium, Switzerland, Sweden, Italy, Egypt, Palestine, Japan, China and India. The sessions will be held for three days, and all branches of Sunday school work will be discussed.

FRANCO-GERMAN AFFAIRS.

Sedan Remembered—Eighth Army Corps Manœuvres—Wilhelm's Plans.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—The celebration of the German victory over the French at Sedan was general throughout Germany yesterday, and in some sections the festivities were continued to-day. The most brilliant event in the celebration was the manœuvres of the Eighth army corps near Treves. They were witnessed by the emperor and empress and the crown prince of Italy.

Commenting on the Sedan celebrations, the Berlin post takes a pessimistic view of matters. It thinks Germany's situation a serious one, and says all efforts to effect friendly relations with France have failed. France's success in Asia, the consciousness that it has reached the limit of perfection and strength in the army, and last, but not least, the hope of Russia's military co-operation have acted as a stimulant to the French temper.

Emperor William left Coblentz for Treves this morning accompanied by his suite and the Prince of Naples. The empress followed in a later train. The municipal authorities at Treves made a most imperial reception. The whole city was decked out in bunting, and flowers and triumphal arches spanned the road over which the emperor and his party passed. After driving through the streets and receiving an almost continuous oration, the emperor proceeded to Euren, where he reviewed the Fifth army corps. This afternoon he returned to Coblentz, and a grand banquet was held at the castle. To-morrow the emperor will start for Metz, where preparations are completed to make his entry a veritable march of triumph. This demonstration has considerable significance. It is not a mere coincidence that the German emperor and the Italian crown prince appear in Metz almost exactly on the anniversary of Sedan. Everything denotes that the chiefs of the triple alliance mean now to give France warning that she must curb the chauvinism of her people.

Herr von Schiebski, leader of the Poles in the reichstag, will succeed Count Posadowski, now at the head of the imperial department of finance, as chief of the administration in Posen. The appointment is gratifying to the Poles, as it assures them dominant influence in the province. Emperor William's pro-Polish policy is watched jealously in St. Petersburg.

GLORIFIED VETERANS.

The Worship of Militarism in the United States.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 4.—Indianapolis is resplendent in bunting to-day. The red, white and blue is everywhere, and many flags and banners wave from windows, house-tops and every conceivable place where the patriotic colors can be fastened. The fronts of the business blocks are studded with shields and portraits of all the national heroes from Washington to the present day, but this being the Columbian year, portraits of the great discoverer are evenmore numerous than those of the great men in American history.

Along the line of march for to-morrow's grand parade the carpenters early began to ply their hammers and saws in the numerous grand stands from which the pageant will be witnessed by the residents and thousands of visitors who have gathered to participate in the 27th annual national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. The bluecoats who have been becoming more numerous on the streets every day for the past week, seemed to be everywhere this morning, and every incoming train added to their numbers. At every turn one meets a band of music at the head of a squad of arrivals marching to headquarters, where they are assigned lodgings. The clerks to whom this latter task has been assigned have worked early and late for the past few days, and from the number of applications for quarters already received and the fact that a large number of visitors engage their quarters without assistance, it is estimated that the number of veterans who will be in line to-morrow will be considerably over 60,000, something more than 1,000 more than the number at Washington last year.

The increased number is accounted for by the proximity of the city to the World's Fair. Arrangements have already been made setting apart Saturday as Grand Army day, and it is thought that nine-tenths of the veterans will avail themselves of the cent a mile rate between this city and Chicago on the Monon and other routes for the purpose of paying a visit to the White City. The naval veterans, who held their celebration last week, met this morning in Masonic hall to elect officers and dispose of routine business.

This afternoon the re-union grounds in Military park will be formally opened and the different departments will hold their business meetings in the quarters that have been assigned to them in the capital. Besides numerous regiment reunions this evening the citizens will tender a reception to the officers and delegates to the national encampment, and there will be electric and natural gas illuminations at the soldiers' monument and the capitol grounds.

American Dispatches.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—This is New York day at the Fair, and a larger number of sons and daughters of the Empire State gathered at the building erected by their commonwealth in Jackson Park than were ever brought together at any one place outside of their own state. There was an all-day reception, at which the visitors were welcomed by Mayor Gilroy, of New York city, and to-night there will be a grand banquet.

Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 4.—The ninth annual session of the Arkansas state assembly of the Knights of Labor convened at 10 o'clock this morning, every local assembly in the state being represented. The matter of ways and means for assisting the unemployed in this and other states to tide over the present period of stagnation will form the principal subject of discussion.

Increase of Gold and Silver.

An increased production of gold in this country and throughout the world is indicated by the reports received at the treasury department for the first half of the present year. The deposits of gold at mints and assay offices during the six months have exceeded by $1,200,000 those of the same six months of 1892, and it is believed that the increase for the calendar year will be nearly $3,000,000. The gold product of the United States for the calendar year 1891 was $33,175,000 and for 1892 $33,000,000, so that the increase is likely to reach 8 per cent. It is believed at the treasury department, says the Washington News, that the production of gold in all parts of the world will also show an increase. Figures have already come to hand of the product of the Witwaterstrandt district of South Africa, which indicate that the steady increase of production there has not been suspended during the present year. The largest product up to 1893 was in December, 1892, when the amount mined was 117,748 ounces, representing a value of $3,300,000.

There was a slight decline from this figure during the winter months, but the production in every case was larger than during the same month of 1892, and the figures for June have reached 122,907 ounces, representing a value of about $2,450,000. The production for the first six months of the year has already reached 665,071 ounces, representing a value of more than $13,000,000 and promising an output for the year of at least $26,000,000.

The estimate of last year's production, made by Director Leech, was $20,700,700, and his estimate of the production of the world was $130,816,600, an increase of $10,000,000 over the production of 1891. It would appear that if there are no losses in other gold countries the production of this year will rise to at least $140,000,000. Silver production has also been stimulated up to the present time by the fact that the United States were soon likely to change their policy of silver purchases.

Detailed returns of the silver product have not yet been received at the treasury department, as the metal is not brought to the mints and assay offices with the same regularity as gold, and the returns have to be awaited from private refineries. It is expected that the production will fall off as soon as the United States go out of the market as a purchaser, if it is not already falling off in consequence of the reduced price of bullion. The present situation is thought likely to stimulate the production of gold and it is believed that gold may yet be discovered in unexplored sections of the Andes or of South America.—American Exchange.

A New Alloy.

The name of "iron-silver" has been given to an alloy of iron with other metals generally, and particularly with copper and zinc, the idea of a French inventor, according to Money and Trade. Cast iron in the form of turnings, filings or powder is immersed in a bath of hydrochloric acid, through which is passed a current of carbonic acid. Currents of air and steam are afterwards passed through the bath, and the liquid hydrochloric acid, through which is then dried and alloyed with other metals. The best proportions are: Iron, 35 per cent.; zinc, 24 per cent. copper, 40 per cent. The color of the new alloy is a silvery white.—Engineering and Mining Journal, New York, Aug. 12.

The Dragon and the Railway.

The Chinese dragon is still a practical obstruction to railway building. The Tartar general in command at Monkden, the capital of Manchuria, when the survey was made for a railway by the town, had the local sages investigate the matter. They reported that the vertebrae of the dragon which encircles the holy city of Monkden would be broken if the long nails of the railway sleepers were driven into the ground. Upon the strength of that the general ordered the engineers to carry the line away from the city and over a very marshy route. When the matter was brought to Li Hong Chang he commended the general for his interest in the dragon, but still expressed an opinion that the Monkden route was the best for both dragon and country. The affair would have to be reported to the emperor. Whereupon the general had a line laid down a few hundred feet from the former one, and the sages pronounced it all right.

A Domestic Weapon.

"Let me see your best brooms," said a little woman excitedly, as she plunged into a grocery store. "Green or dried?" asked the grocer, putting his pen over his ear and rolling up his sleeves. "I said brooms," snapped the woman. "And I meant brooms," answered the grocer civilly; "but there's a difference. Some are new made and green, while others are dried and seasoned. Some women folks won't touch a bare dry broom—they allow the corn seeds to come off in the sweeping." "I ain't saying nothing about sweeping," said the woman. "I want a good, strong shank that is put together for all it is worth, and a handle that won't snap the first time I use it." The grocer trotted out his brooms, and the little woman hefted each one with a practised hand. Finally she selected one that was unpainted and homely, but as heavy as a cart wheel. "How much is that one?" "Forty cents, ma'am. It's the biggest and the best in the lot, though it don't look as fancy as the rest." "Forty cents! I've used up a hundred brooms since I married that last husband of mine, and I ain't never paid over a quarter, and I ain't going to, what's more." "Madam," said the grocer, standing the broom up in a corner, "it ain't a broom that you want, in my opinion—it's a club." Then he looked discreetly behind the counter, and the sale was off.

Mr. Chas. N. Hauer

Of Frederick, Md., suffered terribly for over ten years with abscesses and running sores on his left leg. He wasted away, grew weak and thin, and was obliged to use a cane and crutch. Everything which could be thought of was done without good result, until he began taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which effected a perfect cure. Mr. Hauer is now in the best of health. Full particulars in his case will be sent all who address

C. I. HOOD & Co., Lowell, Mass.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills and aid digestion. 25 cents. Sold by druggists.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL,

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

maintains its high standard as

A Perfect ★ ★ ★ ★ Beef Food.

STAMINAL

Is a Food and a Tonic combined

It contains the feeding qualities of *Beef and Wheat* and the tonic qualities of *Hypophosphites* in the form of a

Palatable Beef Tea.

Milk Granules

is the solids of pure Cow's Milk so treated that when dissolved in the requisite quantity of water it yields a product that is

The Perfect Equivalent of MOTHER'S MILK.

Argyle House

SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.
SPECIAL VALUE.

JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED
JUST RECEIVED

ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
ONE MORE CASE
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ONE MORE CASE

OF THOSE

DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES
DOUBLE WIDTH SERGES

AT

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD
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TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A YARD

J. Horner & Co.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to be Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to revive, continue and extend the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, incorporated in the session of 1891, may construct its works and for other purposes.

By order of Provisional Directors.

A. DECOSMOS,
President V. S. & N. W. Ry. Co.
Victoria, B. C., July 10, 1893. j10-tf

Municipal Act 1892.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a transfer from myself to George Schmidt, of the said city, of the license now held by me to sell beer, wines and porter with meals at the restaurant (formerly Stelts's), No. 54 Yates street, in the City of Victoria aforesaid.

July 15, 1893. C. C. FOX.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land; forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 42 Third street, Victoria. j7m29

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B.C.
(Mention this paper.)

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut and carry away timber from the following described tract of land: Commencing at post S. E. marked "W. D. Morgan," planted on the east shore of Read Island, opposite Rendezvous Islands, thence west 80 chains, thence north 100 chains, thence east to shore, thence along shore to point of commencement, containing 1000 acres more or less.

W. D. MORGAN.
Victoria, August 18, 1893. Aug 18-1m

Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society of B.C.

Exhibition

And Grand

Celebration

At New Westminster,

ON

Tuesday, September,
Wednesday, 26, 27, 28, 29,
Thursday, 1893.
Friday,

$15,000 Prizes

This exhibition Celebration is the Largest in the Dominion west of Toronto, and the Liberality of the Premium List and Prizes is unequalled in Western Canada.

First Annual Meet, Division No. 11, Canadian Wheelmen's Association

To decide Provincial Championship. The most important cycling event ever held in the Province.

Aequatic Sports and Canoe Races

Which will include Indian Races in War Canoes.

Entirely new feature of a

Log Chopping Contest

In which a large number of the best Axemen in the Province will take part. This competition is open to all comers, and handsome gold medals will be awarded the winners.

Horse Races.

Championship Lacrosse Match

Victoria vs. Westminster. Also Junior Lacrosse Tournament for Championship trophy.

Rugby and Association Football Matches, Sailors' Sports, Field Sports, Rifle Matches, Grand Ball and Promenade Concerts.

The Westminster City Band and other Bands will be present and dispense music throughout the Exhibition Celebration.

EXCURSION RATES have been secured over all Railway and Steamboat Lines for visitors and for freight rates on exhibits.

A. B MACKENZIE,
General Secretary.
T. J. TRAPP,
President R. A. & I. Society.
D. S. CURTIS, Mayor,
Chairman Celebration Committee.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 13th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., June 5th, 1893.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held on the second Wednesday of September next, application will be made to the Board that the temporary permission granted on the 20th June last by the Mayor, under the authority of section 221, of the Municipal Act, 1892, for the transfer from William McHugh to William O'Connor of the retail liquor license issued under subsection 1 of section 204 of the aforesaid act, to William McHugh, for the premises known as the Victoria Hotel, situated on the south-east corner of Douglas and Fort streets, in the city of Victoria, may be ratified and extended, and that the said license may be transferred to William O'Connor.

Dated this 4th day of August, 1893, at the city of Victoria.

a4-1m WM. MCHUGH.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 19 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the House, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road; or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies

—OR—

Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram; only $350; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
Acre Blocks, $5 0; 1 Acre Blocks at $600, easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $50 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $2000 good terms.
99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $500 per acre; improvements $4,000; good terms.
Kasio lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government street, Victoria.

NOTICE

Johnson Street from Chambers Street eastward will be closed until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
j29-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line exceeding from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbottsford.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
a29-tf Solicitors for the Applicants.

NO. 203.

A BY-LAW

To Authorise Certain Expenditures.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. In addition to the amounts mentioned in by-law No. 196, entitled the "Municipal Revenue By-Law, 1893," it shall be lawful for the Treasurer to pay such sums of money as may be authorized from time to time by resolution of the Council of the Corporation, as are set forth in requisitions which have been properly recommended and approved, and for which warrants have been authorised by the Council to be issued for the services mentioned in the statements lettered D and H, and Votes No. 22 25, 27 A and 59, respectively, hereto annexed:

Providing that before making the payment the Auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to its correctness and that the Council have authorized the payment, and that the sums paid and authorized are not in each case in the aggregate in excess of the sum named in the above votes and statements.

Sec. 2. This by-law may be cited as the Municipal Expenditure By-Law, 1893.

Passed the Municipal Council the 23rd day of August, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 28th day of August, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

IV.—CITY INSTITUTIONS.—Maintenance.

No. of Vote	Statement D.	Total
22	Fire Department— Repairs.....$250 00 Harness and Clothing.....150 00	$400 00
23	Library— For all purposes.....	200 00
27A	Sewerage— For the construction of flush tanks and fitting syphons for the purpose of flushing sewers in use	2,500 00
		$3,100 00

VIII.—EDUCATION.

No. of Vote	Statement H.	
59	Education— Balance payable to the Provincial Government for salaries of teachers in the public schools to 30th June, 1893.....	$600 39

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sale

STR. "T. W. CARTER" FOR SALE.

I have received instructions from the Mortgagees to sell by Auction, to the highest bidder, on

SEPTEMBER 6th, at 1 O'CLOCK

At my Sales Room, 40 Yates Street, the Str. T. W. Carter.

Full particulars at Spratt & Gray's, Work Street, Victoria, or to

W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.

au28 td

AUCTION SALE

I am instructed by Messrs. Brice & Greaves to sell by Public Auction at my Sales Room,

No. 40 YATES STREET,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 6

At the hour of 11 a.m.,

The Good Will License and Lease of the AMERICAN HOTEL, Yates Street, also the Fixtures, Pictures, Furniture, Etc.

TERMS CASH.

W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.

au26

AUCTION SALE

—OF THE—

Most Valuable and Desirable Properties Ever Offered in Victoria.

I am instructed by the assignees of the estate of A. J. Smith, with the concurrence of the mortgagees, to sell by Public Auction in my Auction Room,

40 YATES ST.,

At 12 o'clock noon, on

THURSDAY, SEPT. 7

—ALL THE—

REAL ESTATE

Property belonging to the estate, and situated on Birdcage Walk, Superior St., and Michigan St., with

FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCES,

Also the property on Erie street with a newly-erected

SAWMILL

Finest Machinery, etc. Wharf, 120 feet water frontage.

For full particulars see posters or apply to

W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.

G. A. PERRIN,
F. J. A. SCHWENGERS,
Assignees.

au21

The Glove is Old.

It might be readily supposed that the glove was an article of modern luxury. On the contrary, those hand coverings date back almost as far as history itself. Homer mentions them in his writings and Xenophon also, stating that the great Cyrus once forgot his gloves on an important occasion. From the earliest times the manufacture of gloves has been an important trade in France, and in 709 Charlemagne granted an unlimited right to the abbot and monks of Sithin to make gloves from the skins of deer that they killed. The word glove being of Anglo-Saxon origin, it is conjectured by some that the Saxons introduced the trade of glove making into England. Gloves do not appear to have been worn in England before the end of the tenth or the beginning of the eleventh centuries. Long kid gloves were introduced in the reign of Charles II., consequent upon the short sleeves then fashionable for ladies' dresses. Gauntlets were introduced in the reign of Edward I. The glove was anciently used as a token of investiture in a bestowal of lands and dignities, and two bishops were put in possession of their sees in 1002 by each receiving a glove. It was considered a degredation to be deprived of the glove, and Walsingham says that among the indignities heaped upon the Earl of Carlisle, condemned to die as a traitor, was the taking of his glove. To be struck with the glove was also a deadly insult, and the young prince, son of Queen Margaret, being captured by Edward IV. at the battle of Tewkesbury, 1747, was struck by that monarch on the face with his gauntlet, which was the signal of his death.

The glove has served many purposes, such as the award of honor, token of love, payment of service and gift of gratitude. It was once also the signal of mercy, the dropping of the royal glove before a culprit under punishment securing instantaneous release. From early times it has also served as a challenge to deadly combat. The habit of presenting gloves was kept up even unto Puritan times, and finally grew into such an extravagance that the legislature of Massachusetts took the matter up and forbade the lavish glove giving under a penalty of £20 fine. The glove has served an important part in the world's history, and many interesting facts concerning its history could be recounted if space permitted.—Washington Star.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

TURPENTINE WORKS.

A New Industry at Port Angeles—What an Oven is Like.

The Port Angeles Tribune-Times says the construction of the turpentine works at that place is nearing completion. The oven or kiln is a circular structure with an oval roof. It is thirty feet in diameter and thirty feet high, with double walls about two feet apart. The entire oven is built of brick cemented together with a composition made of clay and sand, lime or cement not being used, as they will not withstand the great heat to which they would necessarily be subjected. After having filled the oven with fifty cords of stumps and timber, a fire is built between the two walls of the oven, the heat from which generates steam from the water that is conveyed in pipes around the base of the wall. The water supply is obtained from a 1,000-gallon tank standing at the side of the kiln.

The various desirable ingredients to be taken from the wood are extracted by means of regulating the amount of steam that is allowed to circulate through it, the quantity being controlled by a large key placed on the outside. The first to make its appearance on the brick floor of the oven is water, the next turpentine, the next fir balsam and the last tar, leaving nothing but charcoal in the oven.

As the turpentine, etc., leave the wood they collect on the floor below, which is so constructed that the liquids run to a two or three inch outlet on the north side of the oven, where it is secured for shipment. It is thought that a portion of the product of the first burning will sink into the bricks of the floor, which will of course decrease the profit, but after the bricks once become saturated the loss in this direction will be small. Twelve cords of wood are required to burn the fifty cords, and about two weeks are consumed in the burning and two weeks in preparing the kiln for operations. In about four weeks the oven will be ready for use and will have cost when completed about $5,000, nearly 180,000 brick having been used in its construction.

Mr. Kerstein, who has had large experience in the business in Germany, expects splendid results from his operations, as he thinks that our timber carries a large per cent. of the ingredients to be extracted, and as the supply of stumps is unlimited and cost less than $2 per cord, he will be able to operate the oven under the most favorable conditions.

It is not the intention of the company to confine their operations to one oven in the event of its proving a success, but they will at once commence the construction of several more ovens; in fact there is no limit to the extent to which the business might be carried on. Mr. C. E. Mallotte is president of the company and Mr. H. K. Bickford secretary and treasurer.

She Objected to the Faint.

"A woman is a good deal like a cat," said the philosopher in the neglige shirt. "You can never tell which way they are going to jump."

"Wherefore?" asked the man in the alpaca coat.

"I was thinking of an incident that happened over on the west side a while ago. There is a row of houses on a street up there that is rather close together. One day a man who lives along in the middle of the row though that he would have his house painted, and he straightway went down town and hired the painters to do the job. His roof was one of the fancy shingle affairs and he wanted it painted red. When the time came to paint the roof the three men who were working on the job fixed a ladder upon it and took places on the ladder, one at the peak, one in the middle and one at the eaves. They were painting along, when suddenly the ladder gave way and they were thrown into the air. The man at the middle had gone down to the eaves, and the combined weight of the two tipped the ladder up and threw the man at the peak into the air as if he had been sitting on the business end of a catapult.

"When the man at the peak went up he had a bucket of paint in his hand and he took it with him. The other two men dropped to the ground, but he went away over and fell against the walls of the next house. When he was going down the paint flew out of the bucket and some of it went on the side of the house near which he struck. The painters fell about 30 feet and were pretty badly hurt. The man who had the fall from the peak of the roof lay on the ground terribly injured. His back was broken and so were his legs. The men were all groaning and quite a crowd gathered around. Somebody sent a call for an ambulance. Just then the woman who owned the house on which the paint was splashed came out. She ran over to the man who had his back broken and said, "Are you much hurt, my poor man?"

"He's pretty severely injured, mum," said a bystander.

"Oh, I'm so sorry," she went on. "Is there anything I can do for the poor man?" Just then she turned and saw the splotches of red paint on the side of the house. "Why!" she screamed, "look at what the loafer has done. He's splashed paint all over my house. I don't see how men can be so careless. He might have taken a little pains to keep the paint off. Anyway, I'll make his boss pay for it." And she flounced into the house and left the unfortunate painters groaning on the ground.—Buffalo Express.

Mrs. Parish's Sixth.

Says a Hunniwell, Kansas, despatch: In a draw not more than two miles southeast of town is encamped a family awaiting the opening of the Cherokee strip. The family consists of husband, wife and seven children. The children have had six fathers.

Henry Parish, the head of the family, became acquainted with his wife in De Witt county, Arkansas, where she was a widow with six children. She was comely and energetic. The courtship, which Parish admits was conducted principally by the woman, was but a short one, and the two were soon made a happy one. After his marriage he learned that his wife had had five husbands before him and that each of them, passing to another world, had left with her as a token of his love a dear little baby: the first had left two babies.

Mr. Parish does not seem to be the least disturbed by the unusual fatality that has befallen those who have preceded him, nor does he seem to care that his wife cheerfully announces that she would secure No. 7 should she be so unfortunate as to lose No. 6.

When speaking of her run of "bad luck," as she termed it, she said the natural state was that of a woman in charge of husband and children.

"If," she said, "anything happened Henry I would not be single more than three months if there was a man in the country. And if there was not I would take a vacation and go where they were."

To this the husband sullingly added: "I bet she would have another husband in less time than that. And if I should follow the others I will say that whoever succeeds me would get a mighty good manager. But I am not going to go just yet. Mr. Cleveland is going to give us a good home and my missus is going to stop this foolishness of getting married. We won't have time."

The children all call Mr. Parish papa.

John Addington Symonds' Wealth.

Mr. John Addington Symonds died worth upwards up £75,000. This fortune was not made by his books, but came to him chiefly in the form of legacies. His books are not of a class that brings in money to the writer, the literary tastes of the mass of Englishmen and Englishwomen lying at present in fields far different from the Italian Renaissance. The student in special fields may resort to them for guidance, help or stimulus, and they will find their place in libraries and on the bookshelves of some of the rich; but the majority of Englishmen are not catered for by the British publishers in the department of literature in which Mr. Symonds, by the necessities of his talent as well as of his health, was compelled to work. The remaining vehicle open to him for bringing him into touch with his countrymen, namely, the magazine, he used as assiduously as his health permitted, and thus some fine work from his pen has come within easy reach of the reading myriad, to whom otherwise he would have been merely a name.

The Inter-Relation of Forces.

Water freezes and becomes ice at 32 degrees of Fahrenheit, whereas mercury only freezes at 39 degrees below zero of Fahrenheit; olive oil, on the contrary, shows signs of congelation at from 40 to 45 degrees of Fahrenheit. The three substances quoted being all liquids, the difference in the loss of heat requisite to bring them to solidification is very great indeed.

The action of heat on fluids or solids is equally various. Water boils at 212 degrees Fahrenheit, lead melts at 612 degrees; the fusing point of gold is 2,016 degrees, and of iron 3,000 degrees. We give these particulars in order to show what enormous changes can be effected by cold in the transmutation of a substance from a liquid to a solid, or by heat from a solid to a liquid state. Ether boils at 96 degrees Fahrenheit, but has never been frozen by the severest cold. The forces exerted by the action and reaction of heat and cold are best exemplified under the head of steam, which has only been called forth and made use of by man since about the middle of the eighteenth century, but it has been in action on a gigantic scale in nature for probably hundreds of thousands of years, it being the opinion of many geologists, including Lyell, that it is the generation of steam, whether developed by the internal heat of the earth in a state of fusion, or whether by that of the chemcial action of the elements in the bowels of the earth developing heat, which, acting on water and thus generating steam, is the great force that throws up such enormous rocks and masses of lava as Etna has lately been doing. The rocks and lava thus thrown up are in a state of fusion by heat; but they gradually cool by exposure to the air, and form solid rocks and mountains. This action and reaction has been going on for thousands of years with little cessation.

Heat and cold, again, cause the oceanic currents on our earth between the equator and the poles, and vice versa, and thereby affect the earth's magnetism or polarity, not only on our globe, but probably all throughout the universe. This is borne out by the fact that "the aurora borealis is decidedly an electrical phenomenon, which takes place in the highest regions of the atmosphere, since it is visible at the same time at places very distant from each other. Dr. Faraday conjectures that the electric equilibrium of the earth is restored by the aurora conveying the electricity from the poles to the equator."—The Westminster Review.

Over the Zee to the Harbor of Hoorn.

"Hoorn is rather a tantalizing place to sail to," says a writer in Outing, "as for miles along the coast it is plainly seen, owing to its beautiful water gate or tower at the entrance to the harbor. It is an interesting town, both as to the streets and to the houses. The latter bend over to each other across the streets in an extraordinary way, and look as if a good puff of wind must send them over. Besides the water tower on the banks of the Zuyder Zee, there is another curious old gate at the other end of the town. These, with the weigh house, the St. Jans Inn and the town hall, are among the chief objects of interest, while old almshouses and quaint buildings meet one at every turn. The harbor was quite full of fishing boats; a man-of-war was anchored just outside the harbor; the town was full of soldiers and officers, men fired at targets in a field near us all day, while the new railway station seemed to have a fair share of business. Hoorn is pervaded by an overpowering smell of cheese, and no wonder, for at every turn are huge warehouses, in which we could see the cheeses, brightly colored orange, red and magenta, in endless rows, while in the open market the night before market day are countless cheeses being unpacked from the country carts and laid in rows on the ground ready for next morning."

A Battle for Blood

Is what Hood's Sarsaparilla vigorously fights, and it is always victorious in expelling all the foul taints and giving the vital fluid the quality and quantity of perfect health. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, boils and other troubles caused by impure blood.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills. 25c. Sent by mail on receipt of price by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

Coffee Inebriety.

Dr. Mendel, of Berlin, has recently published a clinical study on coffee inebriety. His observations were made upon the women of the working population of Essen, a town in Prussia. Department of Dusseldorf. He found large numbers of women who used over a pound of coffee per week. The leading symptoms are profound depression, frequent headache and insomnia. A strong dose of coffee relieves this for a time; a partial loss of power over the muscles occurs and an increasing aversion to labor. The heart's action becomes rapid and irregular. Dyspepsia of an extreme nervous type is present. Brandy offers only a temporary relief. The face becomes sallow and the hands and feet cold. Acute inflammation is likely to occur; an injury to any part of the body is the starting point for inflamation of an erysipelatous character. Melancholy and hysteria are common symptoms. Many opium and alcoholic cases have an early history of an excessive use of coffee.

True Philanthropy.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I will mail free to all sufferers the means by which I was restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thanks to heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong. I have nothing to sell and no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever, but being desirous to make this certain cure known to all, I will send free and confidential to anyone full particulars of just how I was cured. Address with stamps:—

MR. EDWARD MARTIN (Teacher),
P.O. Box 143, Detroit, Mich.

She Was a Hustler.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 23.—Two years ago Mrs. K. C. Blood came here from Le Roy, N. Y., where her husband is said to be a practicing dentist, and commenced business as a real estate agent. Last night she disappeared, and there is a wailing and weeping among the stockholders of the Common Sense Building association.

Mrs. Blood was a stoutly-built, fairly good-looking woman, with considerable energy and polished address. She did a good business from the start, and soon after she came here organized the building and loan association, making a special effort to secure women stockholders. She got subscriptions by personal solicitation, and many poor women were induced to invest their all in her association stock.

To-day on the complaint of two stockholders a receiver was appointed. When the receiver broke open the office door he found everything in confusion. Every paper that would throw any light upon the business of the association had been either removed or destroyed, and the porter said that Mrs. Blood entered the office late last night and carried everything away. From all that could be learned to-day, Mrs. Blood was the president, board of directors and secretary of the association, all the names of the officers being fictitious. How she managed to play such a multitudinous role without detection is a mystery, only partially explained by the fact that nearly all the stockholders are poor and unsuspecting women. The fact remains that there is not a dollar of assets in sight and Mrs Blood and the books have disappeared.

AN INFANT SAVED!

A month ago a prominent lady in Montreal almost lost her child by death. The mother's distress was dreadful, and she seemed powerless to help the little one. It had become pale and emaciated from dysentery; it stomach was weak and seemed to refuse all nourishment.

The physician in attendance advised a trial of Lactated Food. Small quantities were administered during the first two or three days, from which the infant derived strength and nourishment. The food was continued, and in three weeks' time the child was perfectly healthy.

Lactated Food saved the little one; without it death would have resulted. This experience should be a warning to all others who have delicate infants. The ordinary cow's milk and the poorly prepared artificial foods are never tolerated on the weak stomach. It requires a food in every respect like mother's milk—a food suited for weak and impaired digestion.

Infants who are fed on Lactated Food are never sick; they pass safely every ill which surrounds them and fast increase in flesh, bone and muscle. Try it, mothers.

Drink

"Montserrat"

Lime Fruit Juice

A dash of Montserrat Lime Fruit Juice improves any temperance or alcoholic drink.

Nothing equal to it as a wholesome, cooling, refreshing, invigorating drink for HOT WEATHER.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases.
Sold by chemists throughout the world.
W.G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
jy20 Agents for B.C.

THEY ARE PLEASANT TO TAKE YET POWERFUL TO CURE

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX.
They do not nauseate or track and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

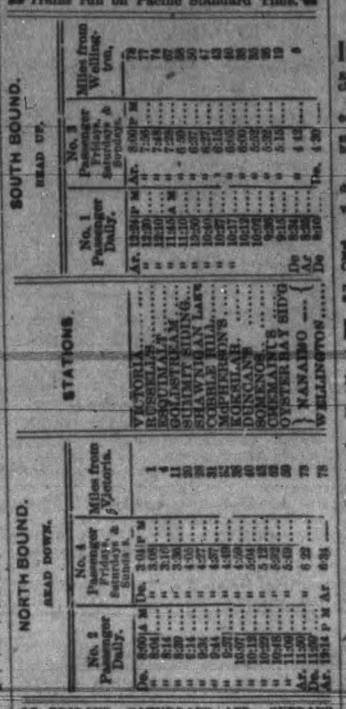
RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

☞ Trains run on Pacific Standard Time. ☜



ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 21,

Taking effect August 22nd, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2:30 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 16 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Umatilla - - - - Sept. 6

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Great Overland Route

QUICKEST AND SHORTEST

To All Points East and South.

UNSURPASSED SCENERY, ROADBED, EQUIPMENT.

No dust, through Pullman Cars and elegant Tourist Cars on all trains.

Special Through Rates

To and from any part of Europe by all transatlantic lines.

Intending travellers should take advantage of the very low rates offered by the C.P.R. to eastern points.

Banff National Park Excursion Tickets

Good for 60 days to Banff and return during summer months,

ONLY $30.00

Grand fishing and shooting, Okanagan Lake, Kootenay, Steamer "Aberdeen" running from Okanagan Landing to Penticton Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars apply to

G. L. COURTNEY, Agent C.P.R.,
Cor. Government and Fort streets.
GEO. McG. BROWN, Dist. Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

THE

Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed.
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of modern equipment.
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines and rails direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains routes and other details furnished on application any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED	Victoria Route.	TONNAGE
12 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."	1117

8 00 am	Lv	361	...Tacoma...	110	Ar	6 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	...Seattle...	92	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria...	1	Lv	8 30 pm

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	M1		28		A
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...Seattle...	28	Ar	6 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	Port Madison	47	Lv	2 15 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	Port Gamble	31	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	Port Ludlow	15	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	M1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Monday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent,
Washington, District of

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS A. GRAHAM
Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 1102 Pacific Ave.
Tacoma, Wash.

E. P. ROGERS
Asst. Gen. Pgr. and Pass. Agt.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave	Victoria	Tuesday † a.m.
"	Nanaimo for Comox	Wednesday † a.m.
	Comox for Vaides Island every alternate Tuesday at	† a.m.
	Returning same day.	
"	Comox for Nanaimo	Friday † a.m.
"	Nanaimo for Victoria	Saturday † a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, at the Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer

Alameda..... Thursday, 21st Sept., at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

FOR HONOLULU,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (2,000 tons) Saturday, September 30, 1893, 2 p.m.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS CO.
General Agents.

au3

SHORT LINE EAST AND WEST

Great Northern Railway

Passengers for Chicago and the East save one night of travel via this route.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 8:30 p.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and the East.

The only trans-continental line running Buffet cars, containing bath rooms, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first-class coaches, and free tourist sleepers.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanogan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America, and a line free from dust.

For information, or publications, apply to

C. A. HATTRAY,
General Agent
Adelphi Block, Government street, next to Post office.

F. I. WHITNEY,
G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy6-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe30tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

J. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary.
ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 6755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.
fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.
ja18

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy26 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.B. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
E. LANGLEY, Scribe E.
1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend.
E. FFRENCH, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C SMITH secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS TUNED.
JAMES SHERIDAN,
Of thirty years standing in the City. Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired.
Address—Room 5, Gospel Hall, Oriental Avenue, between Yates and Johnson Streets.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 138

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

Office Removal.

DR. GARROW has severed his connection with the W. H. Keeley Gold Cure Co'y, and will in future devote all his time to general practice. Office in Clarence Block, over Hall & Co'y's Drug Store. au21

Removal Office.

DR. H. D. LEITCH
Office: Williams Block,
Opposite Driard; Telephone 220.
Residence: 129 Quadra St. Telephone 181.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving to all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
931 Douglas Street.

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist.
Toothache cured at once without pain for 50 cents. Address by letter or call at his residence, No. 86 Pandora Street. City Agents:—Thos. Shotbolt, Druggist, Johnson St., C. E. Jones, Druggist, Government St., R. J. Atwood, Druggist, Douglas St.; C. H. Bowes, Druggist, 97 Johnson St.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting as a Licensing Court for a transfer to Robert Greaves of my interest in the licence issued to Harry Brice and myself for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors upon the premises known as the "American House" situate upon the south side of Yates street in the City of Victoria.
Dated this 7th day of August, 1893.
ROBERT DUDGEON.
au7-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

A RECEPTION

Will be tendered the Grand Lodge of I.O. G.T., of B. C., in

VICTORIA THEATRE,

Tuesday Evening, Sept. 5th.

WONDERFUL MUSICAL PRODIGIES.

THE BEASY CHILDREN

CONCERT COMPANY

Have been engaged by the Directors of the Royal Jubilee Hospital, to give two of their Celebrated Concerts, at the

VICTORIA THEATRE

Friday and Saturday, Sept. 8 and 9,

IN AID OF THE HOSPITAL FUNDS.

ADMISSION, 50 CENTS, GALLERY, 25 CENTS, RESERVED SEATS AT JAMIESON'S.

82 H. M. YATES, Secretary.

Delsarte College of Oratory

FRANCIS JOSEPH BROWN, President,
(President of the Elocutionists' Association of Canada.)

Largest and most advanced School of Oratory in Canada.
DEPARTMENTS—School of Voice Culture, School of Physical Culture, School of Dramatic Art, School of Belles Lettres.

Fall Term September 12.
For Catalogue address Francis Joseph Brown, care of Y.M.C.A., Toronto, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

CANVASSER WANTED at 47 Fort St. s2-4t

DRESSMAKING by the day by a competent dressmaker. All work guaranteed. Address Miss La Mont, Dominion Hotel, Yates street. s2-6t

STRAYED—A Japanese pug. The finder will be rewarded if the dog is returned to 78 Pandora Ave. s2-3t

LOW CHARGES and good workmanship are the inducements that bring the people to Thos. W. Pierce, Jewell Block, 74 Douglas street, to have their clothes cleaned, dyed, or repaired. s2-3t

WANTED—Situation as dressmaker by one who uses a tailor's system of cutting; best of references. Address B. McLeod, 2488 Archer Ave., Chicago, Ill., U.S.A. s31-4t

FOR SALE—40 acres near Cobble Hill Station, small house, a few acres cleared. Price $400, payable $50 cash. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. s24

FOR SALE—Two storey new house, 5 rooms; near Saanich road, tramway line. Price reduced from $1200 to $800, payable $100 cash, balance to suit purchaser. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. s25

WANTED—500 men to insure their houses in the Scottish Union & National Insurance Co., More & Co, agents. s25

WANTED—A woman servant, about middle aged, who can cook. Apply at 153 Blanchard street. s21-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS to let. Apply 113 Chatham street. s3-tf

TO LET—Whole or part of furnished house to let near sea and car line. Apply L, Times office. s3-1m

FOR SALE—Two 25 horsepower steam engines. Address Taylor Mill Co, P. O. box, 628, City. s9-1m

TO LET—The dining room of a central hotel, having a good permanent and transient trade. An excellent opportunity for persons of experience having moderate means. Suitable for a married couple or a lady with grown up daughters. For particulars address H. B., Times office. s3-1m

FOR SALE—At a bargain; choice small farm, 30 acres on South Saanich Road; improved. Good hard finished dwelling house, barns and other outbuildings; good land; orchard of 100 trees; price $3,500, $1500 cash, balance on time for two years at 8 per cent. For particulars apply to Helsterman & Co., 75 Government St. s3-1m

FOR SALE—Steam yacht "Angerona" of 14 tons burthen; can be seen at Turpel's Ship yard. For particulars apply to Thornton Fell, Langley street. jy31-1m

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply —E., this office. je9-tf

TO LET

The Directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital are prepared to let the premises known as the French Hospital recently occupied by the "Old Men's Home" and situated in Collinson street, on reasonable terms, with immediate possession. For information apply to
H. M. YATES,
Secretary.
P. O. Box 551, or care of Yates & Jay, Bastion street.
Victoria, B.C., August 31, 1893.
a31-1m (Colonist copy.)

Naval Contract for Lumber, &c.

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Thursday, 14th September, instant, for supplying such quantities of lumber as may be required for naval purposes.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Forms of tender can be obtained at this office.
J. W. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, Etc.
Royal Naval Yard,
Esquimalt, 1 September, 1893. s1-td

Indian Curiosities or Curios

Of any and every kind, whether Victorian or from any other country. Mineral specimens, old arms, or arms, silver, or gold medals, works of art, freaks of nature, shells, old California gold coin, etc., wanted by Nathan Joseph, 641 Clay street, San Francisco, California, who will visit Victoria September 7 next and purchase for cash any of the above mentioned goods. Parties having such articles for sale will do well to correspond immediately with N. Joseph, so that he can upon arrival in Victoria call and see the goods without loss of time. If too late so correspond with San Francisco, address care Bank British North America, Victoria. a23-td-&w

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

At No. 27 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:
CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.
NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

ON THE OLD LINE.

It is announced that Sir John Thompson and some of his colleagues will make a political stumping tour through western Ontario this fall. Evidently there is a fear that the campaign of education carried on by the Liberals has only too good prospects of success. What will Sir John and the other ministers tell the people of Ontario in order to prevent them going away after the Grit heresy? The quotations we have lately made from Thompson's and Foster's utterances would seem to supply an answer. They will talk about the danger of "sacrificing Canadian industries" by the lowering of duties. Perhaps the finance minister will even repeat his New Brunswick declaration, that the government is ready to raise the duties if it deems such further protection necessary. The chief organ of the party follows in the same line. A week ago the Empire said: "Practical men cannot afford to theorize on so vital a matter as this. Competition to-day is far keener than it was fifteen years ago. The great manufacturers of England are being driven out of many of the markets of the world by foreign competitors. They cannot hold their own market. Twenty years ago they would have laughed at such a prediction. Canadian manufacturers would necessarily be driven to the wall by the immense aggregations of capital which now control manufacturing in the States, and what the opposition propose is, out of a mere whim and theory, to subject our people to the stress and strain of a competition that is to have no countervailing compensation. True, the Ottawa convention also declared for reciprocity with the States. Who supposes they can get it? The terms so far stated from Washington are impossible. If the men now in power there are more reasonable than their predecessors they have given no hint of any change of base." This simply amounts to a revival of the old plan of endeavoring to frighten the people by the story of the Americans being ready to swamp Canada with cheap goods and crush out all our manufacturers. This protectionist dodge has surely been overworked in the past, and can hardly be expected to prove successful once again.

A MUDDLING ORGAN.

The Vancouver organ of the government, through either stupidity or perversity, or both, persists in placing the census question in a wrong light, though the facts are quite clear and their connection is easily understood. The government, in order to afford itself an excuse for delaying redistribution, obtained from Deputy Minister Lowe at Ottawa a statement in regard to the population, which statement was represented as being based on the census. Mr. Lowe's summary was all wrong, wherefore the government and its organs joined in a howl about the "inaccuracy of the census." Mr. Brown, Mr. Gosnell and these opposition and independent papers pointed out that the error lay in Mr. Lowe's mixing up the census and Indian department figures. The government ordered that costly revision at Ottawa, with the result of showing that the opposition contention was right and that the original summing up of the census returns was correct. In short, the revision has not established any "inaccuracy in the census" or in any way justified the position of the government. The World asks us why in his case the Victoria city council and board of trade wanted a special census of this city. Surely the answer is plain to any person of ordinary intelligence. A totally new census is an entirely different thing from a revision of the figures of the old one. It is quite possible that if the government had taken a new census for the whole province it might have succeeded in showing that the old one was inaccurate; but as matters stand it has not succeeded in doing anything of the kind. We have no doubt the World understands quite well that the government was all along trading on Mr. Lowe's mistake, and that now it is wilfully endeavoring to keep its readers misinformed in order to help the government out.

The Tories do not look kindly upon Premier Fielding's intervention in federal politics, and their objections will not be lessened on account of the quality of his work. In his recent speech at St. John Mr. Fielding quoted Sir John Thompson's remark that the heaviest duties were paid on the luxuries used by the rich people, such as jewelry, wines, silks, cigars, tobaccos, etc., and said such remarks were burlesque. The speaker then treated the audience to an object lesson to show the absurdity of Premier Thompson's assertions. He opened a parcel of dry goods and held up a piece of union carpet, costing in England 38 cents, on which the duty was 33 per cent.; following it up with pieces of different English clothes used by the poorer classes, on which the duty ranged from 35 to 85 per cent, and also pieces of finer cloths used by rich people, on which the duty was only 20 per cent. All of the above goods under the Mackenzie regime had only 17 1-2 per cent. duty. He traced $100 worth of goods from the time it left England until it went into the hands of consumers, showing that under 17 1-2 per cent. duty it would cost $180, while under the present duty the same goods would be $250.

Some Conservative correspondent at Ottawa lately busied himself with concocting a story that an alliance had been formed by the Liberals and the McCarthyites, whereby these parties jointly undertook to fight the government at the next election. Of course the story is a ridiculous one and would impose on very few. As the Globe points out, the yarn is evidently intended for Quebec consumption; for had it been intended to frighten Ontario people the alliance would have been reported as formed between Laurier and the Pope or the general of the Jesuits.

Sir John Thompson should visit Welland on his Ontario tour. The Welland Tribune reports that the Robert Misener farm, 140 acres of good land, with good buildings thereon, was offered for sale under the hammer the other day and failed to call forth a single bidder. Before the good old N. P. came into force a good round sum was refused for the farm; now it begs in vain for a bidder.

The Man Milliner.

M. Worth is "not as young as he was." There are deep lines in his cheeks, his eyelids have the droop of years, and his scanty hair and full mustache are beginning to grizzle. There are no signs, however, of declining energy about him, and so helpful are his two clever sons that the great establishment does not unduly tax the strength of its elderly head—elderly truly, for M. Worth is now almost seventy years old. He is the son of an English solicitor, and was born at Bourne in Lincolnshire. When his father died he went to London and found a position in that famous shop called Swan & Edgar's. Then, after a few years he went to Paris and entered an equally famous shop there, and served long enough to become thoroughly acquainted with the French methods of business. It was in 1858 that he finally set up his own establishment. It is probable that the business will be continued by another generation, for one of the younger Worths has inherited his father's abilities in the designing and arranging of feminine costumes.

About two hundred gowns and a hundred and fifty cloaks are turned out weekly by M. Worth, it is said, during the busy seasons. These seasons are from the middle of February to July and from the middle of August to December. M. Worth's American customers are provided for with special care, his sons having visited this country with the express purpose of studying the tastes of the feminine population of the great cities. They send to a New York customer one kind of a gown and to the dames of Chicago and Boston other kinds.

The quickest bit of work ever done in Worth's house was a gown for the Empress Eugenie; it was made in three hours and a half. The Empress of Russia paid $5,000 to him for her coronation train—an adjunct which it took six weeks of constant work to make, it was so heavily embroidered with silver. For one gown a South American woman gave the great dressmaker $24,000. The material of this gown was comparatively inexpensive; it was the magnificent old lace with which it was trimmed that raised the price to such an altitude. It is interesting to know that in making his designs Worth does not resort to pencil and drawing-paper. He simply takes his material and drapes them on his model until he finds the idea he wants.—New York Tribune.

A Costly Bluff.

A landed proprietor from the German province was staying not long ago at a hotel in Berlin. He got into conversation with the landlord one evening, and they talked of the hardness of the times.
"It seems to me," said the visitor, "that Berlin people have got no money left," taking from his pocket as he spoke, a bulky purse, from which he took a couple of bank-notes, twisted them into a spill, and calmly lit his cigar. Bonifacc and the other people present stared in open-mouthed amazement.
A few hours afterwards came the time of the visitor's departure, once more he took out his purse, this time in order to pay his bill. He counted through his notes and suddenly turned white and then red. He found himself still in possession of a score of flash notes, which he kept for the purpose of playing practical jokes; but he had lit his cigar with the only two genuine notes he had with him!

A Doctor's View.

One of the most noted physicians of modern times says:—"When the system is surcharged with bile and the liver needs a powerful stimulus to excite it to duty, then it is that we use powerful cathartics to obtain the necessary relief, often attended, however, with prostrating effects," and he might also add, "often causing by their re-action worse constipation and biliousness than before." Now this is not the case with Ecclay's Liver Lozenges. They do not prostrate nor re-act. They act gently yet powerfully. Those troubled with chronic constipation or a bilious habit that has lasted for years must continue their use for some time; but they will do their work and permanently cure those afflicted.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Michael Halahan, who settled in Otonabee 70 years ago, is dead, aged 85.

Francis Malcolm, for many years a well known farmer of the township of Blandford, near Bright, is dead.

Sheldon Ward, ex-reeve of Malahide, over exerted himself while rowing a few days ago and died from the effects. He was aged 65.

Charles N. Stearns, of Montreal, son of Sergeant P. Stearns, manager of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, was drowned while trying to shoot rapids in the Murray river. He was aged 32.

A summons has been issued against W. G. Osgoodby, publisher of the Toronto Times, a weekly sensational paper, charging him with publishing matter tending to the corruption of the public morals.

The Hewis house, the leading hotel in Midland, was burned. Loss, $20,000; insurance, $4,000. The guests were rescued from the windows in their night clothes, and several had narrow escapes.

Hon. Mr. Patterson, minister of militia, denies the truth of the report that the relations between General Herbert and himself were strained, declaring that th Major-General and himself were upon the most friendly terms.

The Toronto Empire announces that Sir John Thompson has agreed to make a tour of western Ontario during the latter part of September and the early part of October, and to deliver speeches at different points. The premier will be accompanied by several of his colleagues.

Street car tickets were so freely distributed in Toronto during the voting on Sunday cars that they are now offered by the holders at a large discount. In second-hand stores packages of 25, which usually cost a dollar, were sold for 50 cents. Men offered two for five on the street to get a drink, and it is said saloons had taken so many that they would take no more.

Bilodeau, a former merchant of St. Elzeau, Quebec, and who ran away to the United States because he got into business troubles, got home sick and had himself shipped home in a box labelled "Fragile, this side up with care." A carter who was delivering the box asked the way to Bilodeau's home of one whom Bilodeau had once sued for debt. Out of revenge, this party informed the police. The man is now in jail at St. Francois.

A militia general order issued at Ottawa gives the following promotions in the militia: Captain and Brevet Lieut.-Colonel Turnbull to be Major in Royal Canadian Dragoons; Captain W. B. Gordon, Captain B. H. Vidal, Captain and Brevet Major Buchan and Captain D.D. Young to be majors in Royal Regiment Canadian Infantry. Surgeons F. W. Strange, C. C. Sewell, M. & J. Hanavan, A. Codd and Robert McLean to be surgeons-general in the same regiment. The transfer of the Royal School of Cavalry from Quebec to Toronto is officially announced, as also the closing of the Royal School of Artillery at Victoria. Surgeon J. Duncan, of the Royal Canadian artillery, retires from the service.

A bronzed and weather-beaten man registered at the Queen's on Wednesday night: "Capt. James Bell, steamer Wrigley, Mackenzie River." A Tribune man looked him up and found him to be an old timer in the country who was once connected with the Northwest Navigation Company, but who for seven years has been running the H. B. steamer on the upper lakes and rivers from Fort Smith to Fort McPherson, away into the Arctic circle 1,350 miles. The gallant captain, who comes originally from St. John, N.B., and who buried his wife in the far north, is retiring from the company's service, and is now on his way east, intending to take in the World's Fair. His only son is attending college here. The captain says the Indians are quiet and their number is decreasing steadily, as they are slowly dying out.—Winnipeg Tribune.

MEXICO'S PEOPLE.

No Middle Classes—Extremes of Poverty and Wealth.

Mexico still retains one of the characteristic traits of countries which were under the old style of government; the slight development of middle classes. Everywhere you find the great extremes of poverty and wealth. It is a property of economic liberty, when justice in other respects is sufficiently observed, to multiply the different degrees of wealth, while material violence and the tyranny of the law constantly thrust back into poverty those who begin to rise; only the strong, who are able to resist, become richer and stronger.

Small and moderate-sized fortunes in some parts of Mexico do not exist at all. Trades up to the present time give occupation to but a small number of artisans, sometimes very skilful, but nevertheless little fitted to deviate from the beaten track and raise themselves above their condition. Large industries are absolutely unknown, and commerce, except in its lowest degree, is in the hands of foreigners.

The current rates of interest are from nine to ten per cent. for mortgages and twelve per cent. for commercial loans. In places where loans are usurious these rates are largely exceeded. The natural wealth of the country is so great that many agricultural and industrial enterprises can support such burdens, but they show the rarity of capital.

All the institutions which, in our country, encourage saving and self help can hardly be said to be represented by three or four savings banks. Yet the field for them is immense, and the high rate of interest would yield good results very rapidly, as well as for all institutions which develop thrift.

Some mutual aid societies have been recently formed in the City of Mexico and other large towns, composed of men following the same trade, and admitting those of all races. They appear to be the outcome of the old Aztec civilizations, in which trade corporations existed. They are already a national political force which Porfirio Diaz utilizes, just as Napoleon III. utilized such in his best days. Although these corporations are not animated by a spirit of antagonism to capital, they exercise a good influence by raising wages.

The great obstacle in the way of saving and of institutions which encourage it are drunkenness and gambling. The government has an organized public lottery, and, in most of the states, gambling houses are authorized and opened publicly, on condition of paying certain rents. When they are forbidden by the law, the connivance of the public authorities makes them still more dangerous.

The middle class is composed wholly of men of the liberal professions. Among these are some very distinguished individuals; but, as in Latin countries, the great number of young men who disdain commerce and manufactures and enter these professions, as well as government employment, causes such careers to be overcrowded, and the large majority of those who enter them are unable to bring up families in comfort. There is in Mexico a superabundance of establishments of secondary instruction, considering the amount of population fit to take advantage of them, and the half-educated, starving men, who cannot live without public employment, keep multiplying in each generation.

It is especially among women who have received this kind of instruction, among the mujer illustrada, as they say, that the lack of a middle class is felt. The special Masonic lodges for their sex which have been created during a few years past will not remedy the evil.

In the City of Mexico and the large towns the institutions of assistance, all strictly under lay control, provide a certain number of places for women. They are admitted to take courses in medicine, with the hope of creating new openings for them. Normal schools have been organized for girls; but in a Congress of Instructors, in 1891, the males brutally demanded a monopoly of all paid places in public instruction. They are far removed from the sentiment which, in the United States, gives women a constantly increasing share in public employments, and especially in the instruction of children. On the other hand, the code of manners does not allow of their filling in commerce as considerable a place as they fill in France.

The same social causes, which, in England, up to the time of Elizabeth, surrendered all commerce to Latin, Flemish and Hanseatic merchants, which, in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries assured a like preponderance to the Genoese in the kingdom of Naples; the same causes, I say, have brought about that commerce in Mexico is carried on exclusively by foreigners. The people of the country either disdain or show little aptitude for it.

Benevolent societies group together the foreign merchants, and, in the City of Mexico, they have their particular club houses. Each colony has its peculiar physiognomy.

Mexico offers to European capitalists and enterprising men fields of varied character, sure to be fertile in results. Few new countries offer so many. It is necessary only to choose them judiciously and to take into consideration the climate and social conditions.

Differently from the United States, which now seeks to restrain the immigration of manual laborers, and where in many of the western states the acquisition of land is shackled by the pressure of a blind rural democracy, Mexico offers conditions singularly favorable to manufacturers, merchants and foreign speculators. Its civil legislation makes no difference between natives and foreigners. As military service does not exist for decent people (gente decente), these do not fear to become nationalized or to allow their sons to so become.—Claudio Jannet.

The Crater of the Moon.

The late Prebendary Webb used to speak of Tycho as the metropolitan crater of the moon. That is the opening sentence of an interesting article by Mr. Raynard in Knowledge for August—an article illustrated by several "blocks" and by three photo plates taken by MM. Henry on March 29th, May 28th and 29th, 1890. The large plate was taken with the 13-inch refractor of the Paris observatory when the moon was 265 hours old, the sensitive plate being placed behind an eyepiece which enlarged the image in the principal focus fifteen times. Mr. Raynard says Vesuvius and the Monte Sumna would appear as insignificant little hills if they were dropped into the crater of Tycho, whose ring wall towers to a height of 17,000 feet above the plain it encloses. He criticises the views of Robert Hooke and of our correspondent, Mr. S. E. Peal, and with regard to the latter says: "Putting on one side the difficulty of conceiving of nearly perpendicular ice cliffs of 17,000 to 20,000 feet high, standing for ages without flowing down as glaciers to the plains at their feet, we have to account for the fact that the lunar plains and the floors of the deeper lunar craters are generally of a much darker tint than the higher ground upon the moon; while, if the whole of the lunar surface were composed of ice and snow, there would be no reason for such a difference of tint, unless, as Mr. Peal suggests, the lunar plains are surfaces of virgin ice while the mountains are formed of snow." The article is one of the most interesting contributions to selenology that have appeared for a long time.

Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50. At the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor Yates and Government sts.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SUICIDE ON THE MOGUL.

Dr. Forbes the Ship's Surgeon Kills Himself at Foo Chow.

HE ADOPTED TWO SURE METHODS

First He Took Laudanum and Then He Cut His Throat—The Steamer Arrived Here Yesterday—She Had a Big Freight But Few Passengers.

When the Northern Pacific steamship Mogul, which arrived here yesterday from Yokohama, was at Foo Chow, China, a terrible tragedy was enacted aboard., Dr. Forbes, the ship's doctor, committed suicide. He had been drinking and was evidently crazed from the effects of the liquor. He sought the privacy of his state room and first took a big dose of laudanum. That was evidently not speedy enough to suit his desire, so he took his razor and slashed at his throat, making several ghastly wounds, which, however, did not prove fatal immediately. Forbes' plight when found was a frightful one. He was nearly unconscious from the effects of the poison and his bunk was soaked with the blood which streamed from his lacerated neck Every possible effort was made to save his life, but no good resulted. He revived for a time, but died four hours from the time he took the poison. The body was buried at Foo Chow. Forbes joined the ship at Hong Kong and made two trips to Victoria on her. He was liked by all of the officers of the ship. He was an Irishman by birth and had all th genial qualities of his countrymen. He was about 50 years of age. His family connections are not known.

The Mogul had a very pleasant trip across the Pacific, making the trip from Yokohama in 14 days. She was off the outer wharf at 8 o'clock, and the steamer Earl was soon alongside to land Dr. MacNaughton Jones, quarantine officer. Everybody was well aboard, and the ship was given a clean bill of health. A landing was then made at the outer wharf. Aside from the suicide aboard, the facts of which are given above, and a very exciting chase, which the second and third officers had from Kobe in another steamer to keep from getting left, the officers had but little to report. The ship brought a cargo of 2,500 tons of freight, made up of tea and other merchandise. She also brought 75 steerage passengers, about half of whom were Japanese and the others Chinese, and 5 cabin passengers. The Victoria and San Francisco freight, which amounted in all to about 425 tons, was discharged here yesterday. Very few of the passengers landed here. The ship left for the Sound last evening at 7 o'clock in charge of Pilot F. W. Gatter. The Mogul did not sight any sealers on the way across.

Electro Silver Plating and Gilding.

Old plated ware made equal to the best plate and warranted at 47 Fort street T. W. Fletcher's. •

Madame Laird.

Having resigned her position at the Conservatory of Music, has opened a studio for instruction in vocal music at her residence, 161 Vancouver, street, corner of Pandora. •

National Business College.

47 Government street, Victoria, B. C., Best methods taught in bookkeeping, penmanship, arithmetic, shorthand, typewriting, correspondence, etc. Day and night school. Circulars free. •

I. O. G. T. Reception.

A reception is to be tendered to the members of the grand lodge, I. O. G. T., in the Victoria theatre to-morrow evening. The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock by Mayor Beaven. There will be a musical programme.

Addresses will be given. Following is the musical part of the programme: Piano solo, Mr. Burnett; solo, H. Firth; solo, Miss Duffy; solo, Rev. H. Webb; solo, Mr. Russell; solo, J. G. Brown; duet, Messrs. J. G. Brown and H. Firth. Admission is free.

No Fall Pack on the Colombia.

The rumor that all the canneries on the Columbia river are to pack fall fish is erroneous. In the first place there are not sufficient fall fish coming in the river to make such a thing possible, and the next important consideration is the money to pack with. Some canneries that would like to run have not the means at their command.—Cathlamet Gazette.

The Contractors Meet.

Two prominent contractors met each other Saturday afternoon and passed the time of day. They entered into conversation and the conversation drifted from one topic to another till it landed them against a snag. The snag was in the shape of a certain contract about which the city council has been having a lively time. Each contractor thought that he should have had the job and alleged that his brother had done "crooked" work in the matter of tendering, and one of the gentlemen told the other that he "stood in" with certain aldermen. This charge was indignantly repudiated, and the voices of the now quarrelsome individuals were raised to topmost pitch. They were standing near the B. C. Cattle Co.'s store, Government street, and their loud talking and gesticulations attracted the attention of the purchasers of meat, and involuntarily the butchers laid down their saws and knives to see what was the matter. One of the belligerents saw that they were attracting attention and moved on up Yates street, the other following. Here they began again, and matters might have ended seriously had not a noble alderman came to the rescue.

Blank Books.

A large assortment extra bound at moderate prices. J. Johnston & Co.

Jewish New Year.

The Jewish new year commences next Sunday evening at sundown. The usual services will be conducted by Rev. Dr. Philo. Pews and seats for the holidays can be obtained from the officers.

Sworn in.

Anton Henderson and W. A. Robertson, the newly elected aldermen for North Ward, were to-day sworn in by Mr. Justice Walkem. The ceremony was not at all interesting being as formal as usual.

House and Lot Wanted.

Undersigned desires to purchase five-roomed house and lot, with good garden attached. Will pay one-third cash; balance on mortgage for two years. Owners only dealt with. Address, with full particulars, to "House," Times office. •

Want Deferred Payments.

There is a petition to the mayor and council in circulation asking that the tax for health purposes, which was six mills, be levied in three equal payments, as follows: This year, two mills; 1894, two mills; 1895, two mills. The whole six mills, or $90,000, would in this way be paid in two years from now.

Excursionists Return.

The steamer Yosemite returned from Vancouver about 2 o'clock Sunday morning with a party of excursionists, who spent Saturday in the Terminal City. The steamer Joan, which went to Seattle on Saturday, did not return until yesterday afternoon. She remained at Seattle until 8 o'clock yesterday morning. The trip was a very pleasant one.

Kinderspiel.

A novel and interesting entertainment entitled "The Happy Family," under the leadership of Alex. Moir will be given by the children of St. Paul's Presbyterian church Sabbath school on the evening of Tuesday, 19th inst., in the Public Hall, Craigflower road, Victoria West. As a result of complete training by Mr. Moir, assisted by Alex. Semple and Miss Semple, a very interesting entertainment is assured.

Ordained as Presbyter.

At the Church of Our Lord, Reformed Episcopal, yesterday morning, G. Clement King was ordained a presbyter of the church by Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge. The ordination was witnessed by the full congregation, and was followed by Holy Communion. In the afternoon at 3 o'clock Rev. King delivered an address to the young people of the church. There was a good attendance and the address was very interesting.

Did He Owe Rent.

Major Wilkins is plaintiff and W. Hall defendant in an assault charge to be heard in the police court Tuesday morning. The trouble is said to have originated out of Hall attempting to remove his trunks out of Wilkins' house. Wilkins alleged that Hall owed rent. Hall denied the allegation. After a dispute in which the assault is said to have been committed Hall took away the trunks. There will probably be a counter-charge.

Funeral of W. A. Steele.

The members of Victoria lodge, I. O. O. F., and Victoria lodge, A. O. U. W., yesterday attended the funeral of the late William A. Steele, which took place from Oddfellows' hall. The chaplain of Victoria lodge, I. O. O. F., conducted services at the hall. The funeral was largely attended by other friends of the deceased. The pallbearers were F. Carne, jr., H. Morrison, A. J. Clyde, S. Shoen, H. Waller, W. H. Huxtable, T. J. Partridge and Jas. Doughty.

Pack on the Skeena.

Thomas McNish, inspector of fisheries ob the Skeena river, reports the pack this year by canneries situated there to be as follows: Inverness, 6,000 cases; North Pacific, 7,400 cases; Aberdeen 6,700 cases; British American, 7,600 cases; R. Cunningham & Sons, 8,065 cases; Royal Canadian, 9,500 cases; Standard, 7,373 cases; Balmoral, 6,373 cases; total, 59,011 cases. This is only about half the pack of last year, and the season, on the whole, on the Skeena is looked upon as a failure. The Lowe inlet cannery has put up 8,753 cases and the Gardner inlet cannery 7,100 cases, and are still working.

Early Steamboating.

John H. Scott, steward of the Joan, visited Seattle on Sunday with the excursion. Speaking to a P.-I. reporter about steamboating on the Sound in the early days, he gave the following reminiscence: "I was also on the steamer Olympia, since changed into the Princess Louise by the Hudson Bay Company. She was owned by George Wright, and there was not business enough on the Sound for her. The Wrights also owned the Eliza Anderson, but they could never get the mail contract. Capt. Starr came out here in '69 and built a boat. He had considerable influence at Portland and got the mail contract. Then his boat and the Olympia had a great race from Victoria to Seattle, and there was 40 seconds difference in their time. Wright told Starr to buy him off or he would force him (Starr) out of the business. So Starr paid Wright $2,000 a month and he took the Olympia to San Francisco went into business there, and was again bought off for $2,000 a month. Then he took the Olympia to the Hawaiian Islands, and was the third time bought off for $2,000 a month. This made $6,000 a month that Wright got out of his boat. He laid her up at San Francisco and afterwards brought her to British Columbia and sold her to the Hudson Bay Company, and the name was changed to the Princess Louise."

Don't overlook the fine lunch at the Bodega, 7 p.m. till 8 p.m.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. No Ammonia: No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes— Recommended by the Highest Authorities the Standard

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—For an oyster cocktail call at the Nickel Plate saloon.

—The Grand council of the Y.M.I. meets to-day in Marysville, Cal.

—Telegraph communication with the Mainland was resumed on Saturday evening.

—Any one living in Port Angeles prior to July 1st can obtain work from the city.

—Sunday afternoon there was a brush fire on either side of the Mount Tolmie road. No damage.

—There was a well-attended children's service at St. Saviour's church yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

—Tea kettles with wrought iron stands, fitted with spirit lamps, are a novelty introduced by Weiler Bros. •

—The McCoskrie fire was outside the city limits and the chief of the fire department has nothing to do with an enquiry.

—The case against Yang, the Chinese gardener of Mr. Hamilton, charged with burning rubbish without a permit has been adjourned till Tuesday morning.

—The new Japanese drapery crepes and leather paper hangings just opened at Weiler Bros.' are very effective and the prices low for such elegant goods. •

—A volume of Vancouver's Voyages was taken some days ago from the gate at No. 1 Birdcage Walk, and an advertisement elsewhere asks for its return.

—Ben M. Barney will hold a meeting for spiritual tests and psychometric readings at Pioneer Hall, 28 1-2 Broad St., on Thursday evening, Sept. 7th. Admission 25c. •

—The council of the B. C. Board of Trade will meet at 11 a. m. to-morrow. Questions affecting landlords and tenants will be discussed.

—Aubrey George, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. S. Baxter died on Saturday night. The funeral took place to-day. Gertrude Edith, the infant daughter of William Brown was also buried this afternoon.

—J. A. Bates, a graduate of the Western Shorthand University, is staying at the Brunswick. He is making arrangements to start classes in shorthand and typewriting. He comes well recommended as a shorthand teacher. •

—The funeral of Timothy Reilly will take place from Thos. Storey's undertaking establishment, 90 Johnston street, at 8:30 a.m. to-morrow, and from the R. C. Cathedral at 9 o'clock. Deceased was a native of London, England, late of H. M. S. Warspite.

—Tickets are selling rapidly for the firemen's entertainment Saturday. Pferdner's band will give a concert the same evening. There will be two fire scenes, the old and the new. The old hand-ringing fire system and hand reels of 20 years agt will be illustrated.

—Jack Hayes was arrested this morning on Government street. Hayes was drunk and was amusing himself by playing with a tame fox. This drew a crowd and a policeman came along and "ran in" Hayes, who had taken the fox from the Telegraph hotel. The animal was restored to its owner.

A SPLENDID WELCOME.

Bishop Lemmens Given Public Receptions at the Home of His Childhood.

His Lordship Bishop Lemmens arrived at the home of his parents in Belgium on August 2. The day was declared a public holiday on his account and he was given a grand reception, in which all of the inhabitants took part. The streets, city hall, and all public buildings were decorated with flags and evergreens in his honor. On August 5th the anniversary of his consecration as Bishop of Vancouver Island, he celebrated pontifical high mass in the town which is his birthplace. He was assisted by 25 of the priests of the neighborhood. Later the same day he was serenaded by the city band, and the day closed with a fine display of fireworks. Bishop Lemmens returned to the home of his childhood after an absence of many years. He left there as a young man to come to the far west of Canada as a missioner and returned a bishop. The many people in Victoria in all sects who claim him as a friend will feel gratified at the flattering reception tendered him. It is not known definitely when he will return to Victoria.

The Australian Line.

Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, minister of trade and commerce, has been commissioned by the Dominion government to confer with the governments in Australia in regard to Australian-Canadian trade matters. He will leave Ottawa for the coast this week, intending to catch the Warrimoo, which is timed to depart on the 16th. Mr. Bowell will spend a few days conferring with the local boards of trade before the steamer starts. In an interview at Ottawa, on the eve of his departure for England, Mr. Huddart said he expected Queensland to subsidize his line to the amount of £10,000 a year. In the event of this being refused the steamers will not call at Queensland ports. Mr. Huddart also counts on a New Zealand subsidy, and if all his expectations are fulfilled he will establish a subsidiary line between New Zealand and Sydney. The Miowera and Warrimoo would be used for that route, three new and larger vessels being built for the main line between Sydney and British Columbia.

City Coffers Filled.

The police reaped quite a harvest of Indian drunks Saturday and Sunday. Louis Fraser, Tom Thompson, Sumas, and Jack all had whiskey in their possession when arrested. The Indians were intoxicated. They had come down from the west coast and were going to the American side for the hop picking season. They were supplied by John Boyce and E. De Grand. The Indians were each fined $25 and costs. Boyce was sentenced to four months and De Grand to two months for supplying the liquor. There were several other Indians who were arrested on similar charges, but were released before the court sat, having put up bail deposit, which was forfeited, as they did not appear. John Boyd was charged with assaulting Geo. Chapan Aug. 1st last. Boyd left Victoria after the summons was issued, but returned a few days ago and was arrested on a bench warrant. He was fined $10 and costs, pleading guilty to the charge, but stated that Chapman aggravated him. Henry Wilkinson pleaded guilty to riding in the city bounds faster than six miles an hour and was fined $2 and costs.

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

4 MORE CASES OF JACKETS AND CAPES

Marked off to-day (making 18 in all so far this year). Beautiful New Goods and entirely different to anything you have seen before. When we tell you that at the end of last season we had only three Jackets left, you may be sure of getting

THIS SEASON'S STYLE.

Then again consider the advantage of going oneself to the market. Our Mr. C. Spencer saw dozens of manufacturers samples, and everyone who has seen our stock is more more than pleased with the selection made. And then

SEE HOW CHEAP THEY ARE.

A good, warm Winter Coat at $3.75, and splendid lines at $4.75 and $5.00. Then a fine Cloth Jacket, Beaver Collar and Facings, at $6.50, and better qualities at all prices all the way up to $35.00.

All we ask is that in justice to yourself you come and see them.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

ALASKAN BOUNDARY SURVEY.

Return of Mr. Driscoll, a Member of the Canadian Party.

A. Driscoll, a member of the Canadian-Alaska survey party, returned from the north yesterday afternoon on the steamer Queen. Before the parties left it was decided that a Canadian surveyor should accompany each American party and that an American surveyor should accompany each Canadian party. Mr. Driscoll was chosen to accompany Mr. Ogden's American party. Their work was to survey the rivers from the coast to the ten-league boundary, which the Americans claim is the proper boundary. The Canadians claim that the treaty between Great Britain and Russia gave the latter only that portion of Southern Alaska between the coast and a range of mountains which lie between the coast and the ten-league boundary. The Canadian party were engaged in taking a photo-topographic survey of the country to prove that a range, or rather a row, of mountains exists between the coast and the ten-league boundary.

Mr. Ogden's party, accompanied by Mr. Driscoll, first ascended the Taku river as far as the ten-league boundary and planted their stakes. They did the same on the Unuk and Stickeen rivers. On the latter some trouble was experienced by the freshets washing away stakes, which had to be replaced. Both the Americans and Canadians completed all they intended to do this year, although their work was delayed by cloudy weather. There was not, however, a great deal of rain. The work done extends from Behen canal to Juneau. Next year the parties will explore and survey the country from Juneau from Juneau to Mt. St. Elias. This will complete the survey, and the leaders of the parties will be ready to present their reports to respective governments. Of course, Mr. Driscoll is not prepared to say which contention is right, the Canadian or American, but he does say that there a great many mountain peaks between the coast and the ten-league boundary.

"The trip was not what we, who are used to surveying, would call a rough one," said Mr. Driscoll, "but I guess many of the young fellows who have never been out before thought it was. There were no serious accidents outside of a few axe cuts. The members of the Canadian party will be down on the steamers City of Topeka and Thistle. The Americans were waiting for their ships to call for them."

The photo-topographic system of surveying Mr. Driscoll considers a great success in a mountainous country.

Practical Lecture.

Rev. Dr. Campbell took as text for his address last evening Gen. 13, 12,—"Lot pitched his tent toward Sodom." He said Lot was a beacon light on a rock on which many made shipwreck. He had the benefits of good example, good training and good company while with his uncle, and doubtless thought he could get along just as well when he would separate himself from Abraham, and strike out for himself. He forgot that no matter how good our surroundings may be in youth, if we separate ourselves from them, and associate with bad company, there is nothing but the grace of God can save us from ruin. When you make a wrong start you will probably make up your mind to go out as far as it is safe, but when you reach that point circumstances will press you, and you will go farther and farther, and will have to do more than you intended to do. Lot did not intend, possibly, to move into Sodom, but having made the foolish move of "pitching his tent toward Sodom," he was likely to get there, and he certainly did get there. He warned young men against the danger of pitching their tent "toward Sodom." He briefly pointed out some of the prevailing sins of the age, as the social evil, drinking, gambling, neglect of the house of God, neglect of Bible study, Sabbath desecration, etc. He pointed vividly to the sad ruin of Lot, and made an earnest appeal to young men not to be guilty of pitching their tent toward Sodom, and urged them to accept Christ as their Saviour, and to stand firm upon the Rock of Ages, that the name of the Lord might be unto them a strong tower into which they might run and be safe.

Slapped His Face.

Three Rivers, Que., Sept. 4.—Judge J. B. Bourgeois and Alderman P. E. Panneton, were in Lucas' barber shop at 3 o'clock on Saturday afternoon. As Mr. Panelon was going out Mr. Bourgeois stopped him and a few words were exchanged, the result of which was that Bourgeois slapped Panneton in the face. This affair is probably the result of a political squabble, and there is much talk over the matter in town. Arrests and prosecution are hinted at.

BEGG'S
MONTHLY & GENERAL GUIDE
—TO—
BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Owing to certain changes in the form of publication which I found necessary to make, I have been obliged to omit the months of August and September of my monthtly and general guide. The publication will appear in a new dress next month (October) and will, I trust, be received as an improvement on past editions of the work. I desire to thank those who have supported me heretofore and to say that in the future the publication will continue to do good service in advertising the resources of British Columbia. The two months omitted will be made good to subscribers

ALEXANDER BEGG,
Publisher.
s2-3t

"Land Registry Act."

Lot No. 1247 and Subdivision No. 15 of Lot No. 1257, Victoria City.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above property will be issued to Joseph Dwyer on the 30th day of October, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, July 20, 1893. jy31-3m

SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL
Splendid Summer Resort.
Good Fishing and Hunting. Cottages to let for families or parties. First-class accommodations.
GEORGE KOENIG,
Proprietor.
jn30-4m

MEDICAL EXAMIATION.

The next medical examinations of the B. C. Medical Council will be held on Tuesday, the 5th day of September next, commencing at 10 o'clock a.m., in the city of Vancouver. Further information can be had by applying to the Registrar.

G. L. MILNE,
Registrar and Secretary.
a19-4d

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—(Saturday) Walter Chambers, E Dasse, F Martin, O W Moffitt, Mrs E Miller, C H Brown, Rev J E Coombs, Miss Downey, T Boyd, J Cohen, A J McCormick, J Keown, E Jones, C Oghly, G W Leroi, S Wald, Mrs Stratton, J Walters, J R Richter and wife, C R Jones, J E Atcheson, F E Atcheson, Mrs Bruce, Mattie Adams, E A McDonald, Miss Shepard, J B Jackson, Mrs F W Clayton, Mrs Young, E A Kuhn, and wife, Miss L V Bird, Mrs Carne, Mrs Rea, E Barrington.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—(Saturday) H Cuthbert and wife, J Deuna, J D Hutchinson, R G Clark, F McConnell, John Dougall, Miss Godson, J C Gill, J A Forin, J F Ross, C Clayton, D C McLaren, I R Fisher, C Redmond, Col. Elton, R Elton, Robert Gray, C Hanson, Sidney Powell, W R Cone, W Saunders, F A Cassidy, H E Connon, F V Austin, Capt Gaudin, C F Todd, E H Fletcher, A L Belyea.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—(Sunday) J Kellogg, S Lyons, Geo Giles and wife, Mrs Macaulay, Mrs Nonchers, Mrs Serton, P Hopkins, S Lewis, C Ulin, Mrs G Lawson, R H Lloyd, Mrs Smith, J B Patton and wife, C S Arnold and wife, J Schultz, J King, A T Pritchard, F W Gatter, J Bard, C Leroi, J Wright, T C Patrick and wife, J Brown, Geo Gervy, G Moss and wife.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver, on Sept. 3—C H Gibbons, J J Whitely, James Bishop, Jas Strachan, Mrs Ireton and son, N M Beer, H Magee, D C McGregor, N J Hamer, R R Taylor, D McCrimmon, Jno Fraser, John Houston, F Cochrane, Miss Keenan, R T Tolmie, G A Kirk, D R Young, Mr Ward, F M Rattenbury, Capt Robertson and wife, Jas Scuter, John G Tanner, R Robinson, J Hughes, Jos Fagan, T C Alcock, W H Nicholson, W R Dunsmuir, J D Ross, W B Townsend, J R McKinnon, Miss Martin, J E Chipman, Mrs Salisbury, F C Holden, F Gurrown, Fred Gunden, D McPhee, H Walker, T Armstrong, Int8ney, Henderson, A E Gitterell, Miss Guitterell, C F Jones, W Ettershanks, J A Fullerton, Geo McI. Brown, E G Anderson, E H Guitterell and wife, H Wyatt, J C Conlin, A P Goodlng and wife, G A Doyle, W A Park, J J Murray, R Steedman.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Weiler Bros. (Saturday) J M McGregor, G Tysdale, Dunlop Cook & Co. G R G, Lenz & Leiser, B Williams & Co. Shore & A. J Hutcheson and Co., Turner B & Co., McMillan B, Rasmussen Bro., E G Prior & Co., J W Fleming, R P Rithet & Co, M Royal Mill & M Co, Canada Paint Co, J Petterson, Hughett & M L G & L Marks.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—(Saturday) Thos Earle, P T Johnston, Turner Beeton & Co, S Reid, W G Cameron, Weiler Bros, Lenz & Leiser, R Williams, Charles Hayward, T W Fletcher, Langley & Co, Dr A E Bolton, R Lettice, Barnsley & Co, Canada Paint Co, Clark & Pearson, Dom Cartridge Co, Monroe Miller, Johns Bros, R McDonald, S L Kelly, E C Baker, F Yorke.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—(Sunday) Weiler Bros, W E Fales, Hutchins & R, W R Beasey, R Porter & Son, E B Marvin & Co, R Baker & Son, S Leiser, C T W Pfeer, D H Ross & Co, Hudson Bay Co, Union Ice Co, L Griswold, R R Blackwood.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver on Sunday—Cavin Bros., F. Carne, Johns Bros, Wilson Bros., Dom. Ex. Co.

USE
San Francisco SUGAR
Your Jams will not ferment.
DIXI H. ROSS & CO.
au23-1m

SPECTACLE WEARERS
Who appreciate the value of their Eyesight, and the comforts derived from properly fitting glasses, get them from the
ONLY OPTICIANS
In British Columbia,
F. W. Nolte & Co.
37 Fort Street.

New York Dining Parlors,
YATES STREET.
I beg to inform the public that I have re-opened the above Dining Parlors, and will conduct the same in
FIRST-CLASS STYLE AT POPULAR PRICES.
Private dining room for ladies. Meals at all hours, day and night. Family trade supplied with all kinds of shell-fish.
ALEX. C. TRAINOR.
81-1w

Notice of Removal.
ROBERT WARD & COMPANY,
LIMITED LIABILITY.
Have removed from Wharf Street to their new Offices, Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B.C.
Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

The British Columbia Corporation,
LIMITED.
NOTICE.
The Offices of this Corporation have been removed from 76 Wharf Street to Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B. C.
ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd. L'bity,
Managers and Agents.
Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

The Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.
Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893.
a29-td

The Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

NOTICE

The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.
Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893.
a29-td

ORIENTAL MAGIC.

Some of the Wonders Related by Ancient Travellers.

We are learning the secrets of Oriental magic, says the London Standard. Tales which horrified our forefathers while they were trusting and ignorant, which stirred a later generation to mirth, and were dismissed at length as threadbare jests become interesting once more, now that we can perform those miracles ourselves. The best of our conjurors' tricks have been learned in the east, and in many instances they have improved on the original. But it is not certain that their modus operandi is the same. The native juggler who performs in the baked earth of a "compound" cannot have at his command the elaborate machinery of Egyptian Hall.

The most ingenious "professor" in Europe might despair when set to achieve that feat which is the first trial of an aspirant among the Kakhuens, as Sir E. Slade describes it. The neophyte must climb a ladder of which the rung are naked swords, edge upwards, and sit upon a platform thickly studded with spikes for an uncertain time before he even "goes up for examination"—and this in the open air among a crowd of tribesmen. Of the stories told by Ibn Batuta some have been verified, so to speak, but not all. One day, when he was talking with Mohammed Tughlak, at Delhi, three Yogees approached, and the emperor told them to astonish his guest. Forthwith one took the form of a cube, rose into the air, and hung above their heads. Ibn Batuta fainted promptly, but the emperor gave him a draught, which promptly brought him to in an instant. It has been suggested by those who can read the original text that this must have been alcohol in some form. However, when he recovered his senses the object was still suspended. The second Yogee then snatched a sandal from one of the bystanders and struck it sharply on the ground, thereupon the sandal mounted, and slapped the cube as if upon the face, when down the Yogee fell. Mohammed Tughlak promised to show his guests things much more surprising, but Ibn was seized with a palpitation of the heart, which put a stop to the entertainment for that time. Perhaps there was no "draught" handy. On another occasion, however, some Chinese jugglers gave a performance. "In my presence," says that respectable traveller, "they produced a chain 50 cubits long, which they tossed upward, and it stood erect. A dog was then brought forward; it ran up the chain, and, on gaining the top, vanished. In the same manner, a boy, a panther, a tiger, and a lion, mounted one after another and disappeared. At last they took down the chain and put it into a bag, no one discerning how the animals were made to vanish in the mysterious way I have described. This, I may venture to affirm, was beyond measure strange and surprising."

An exact pendant to this is tale 104 in the "Liao-chaichin-i," translated by Mr. Giles under the name "Strange Stories from a Chinese Studio." The author declares that he himself beheld the marvels related—the only instance, we believe, in which he vouches his personal experience; a fact worth noting, for he tells a thousand marvels of the sort. When a little boy Sung-lung was taken to the provincial capital for the spring feast, and followed the crowd into the judges' yamen. In the middle of the hall was a man with a little boy, who undertook to perform anything demanded of him. The great men seated round asked for peaches—it was the month of March. Much "business" followed, but at length the juggler said he must get them from the orchard of the "royal mother," who dwells in heaven. He took from his box a piece of cord "some tens of feet long," arranged it carefully, and threw one end into the air, where it remained fixed, "as if caught by something," and he paid it out from below. Higher and higher the rope mounted, until a small piece only remained in his hands. Then the man called his boy and bade him climb up. Up went the boy after more "gag," like a spider running up its thread, and in a few minutes he was out of sight.

Presently a peach fell down as large as a basin. When the magistrates were examining it, the rope dropped suddenly in a heap, and the man cried, "alas somebody has cut it! What will my son do now?" At the same instant the boy's head fell from the heaven, and lamentations which may be imagined followed. Limbs and body came tumbling after. To omit "business," the juggler collected them, put them in his box, and begged help for the funeral expenses. The horrified spectators subscribed liberally, and when they had given as much as could be hoped, the man tapped his box, saying, "Why don't you come out, you rascal, and thank the gentlemen?" Forthwith the boy threw up the lid, jumped out, and bowed to the company. Sung-lung says, "I have never forgotten this strange trick, which, as I have heard now, is performed by the White Lily sect, who probably learned it from this man"—the White Lily, otherwise "Do Nothing," Wu-Wei-Kenou, is the most dreaded of all the secret societies of China, said by Mr. Giles to date from 1450. Mr. Maskelyne, we hear, has been consulted upon Ibn Batuta's trick. He answered: "These apparent effects were due, doubtless, to the aid of concave mirrors, the use of which was known to the ancients, especially in the east; but they could not have been produced in the open air." The explanation seems almost as incomprehensible to the uninitiated as the statement itself. As a matter of fact, however, the Chinese performance did not take place in the open air. Sung-lung mentions distinctly that a hall in the judges' yamen was the scene. Upon the other hand, how could the rope—and the boy—penetrate a roof? But then, again, Mr. Giles does not notice this difficulty. If the hall were but partially covered in, Mr. Maskelyne's objection might be met.

China is the most favored home of magic in these days. The bewildering conditions of life which Apuleius sketched with grotesque extravagance in Thessaly of old are accepted there as a natural order of things. Dead men come to life again as likely as not, or, as is equally probable, an evil spirit takes possession of their bodies, to play the mischief under that respectable disguise. There are no fairies in China, no pretty tales of magic. Often enough a supernatural being falls in love, and the motive of a fanciful romance is provided; but it works out in a business-like way. Very nearly always a bleeding heart makes its appearance. Magistrates and torturers come on the scene. The single fact that Chinese fairies—that is, the nearest equivalent for them—are foxes "speaks volumes." When you meet a stranger it is always prudent to ask yourself whether he is not a fox—more especially she, in the case of a lovely girl. Such is the utter confusion of ideas that officials of the heavenly police, so to call them, may be serving an earthly magistrate, and a corrupt one too, for wages; they may arrest the wrong man, be corrected by their employer and apologize handsomely for their mistake. But to give an idea of this extraordinary state of things, an article would be needed. Resuming our proper theme, the common story of the priest and the pears may be cited. A man was selling fruit in the market place, when a priest came up and begged a pear. He was refused. A crowd collected, and the beadle crying, "Pass on, pass on," bought one out of his own money and gave it to the priest. He ate it up, then made a hole in the earth and planted one of the pits. At his request a bystander watered it, and forthwith a shoot appeared. It grew into a big tree while the people looked on, flowered and fruited. The priest distributed pears all round till none were left, cut down the tree, shouldered it, and walked off. The stallkeeper, meanwhile, had been watching intently with the rest; when he turned round he saw his barrow empty. It occurred to him at once that the pears distributed had been his own, and he sent off after the priest, catching just a glimpse of him as he vanished. On reaching the spot a fragment of barrow handle lay on the ground, which the man recognized as like his own, and on returning from a fruitless search, he discovered that one handle of his barrow had been chopped off. Of this, we understand, the priest had made his pear tree. One would almost venture to say that Mr. Maskelyne himself could find no explanation of this trick.

The Cannibal Tree.

The cannibal tree of Australia grows in the form of a gigantic pineapple, seldom reaching a height exceeding ten or twelve feet. Its height, however, is not a criterion to its diameter, as the reader will imagine when told that one eight feet in height may be five feet through at the base. The "leaves" resemble broad planks and are frequently 15 feet long, 20 inches broad and one and a quarter feet thick at the base. These board-like leaves all put out at the top and hang down so as to form a sort of umbrella round the stem. Upon the apex of the cone around which these leaves concentrate are two concave figures resembling dinner plates, one above the other. These are constantly filled with an intoxicating honey. A bird may alight upon the edge of these or a man or an animal may walk up the leaves to indulge in stolen sweets; but death is the penalty for such rashness. The instant the honey receptacles are touched the leaves close like a trap and squeeze the life out of the meddlers. After a while the leaves will relax their vice-like grasp, the horrid tentacles will slowly unfold, and nature has set her trap for another victim.

Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50. At the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor Yates and Government sts.

Mrs. Edison.

Mrs. Thomas A. Edison is one of those rarely beautiful whom to see is to admire. If "looks" may ever be classified, she ranks as a "brun-blonde," as she possesses all the piquant charm of coloring attributed to that type. As her father, Lewis A. Miller, is president of the Chautauqua assembly, a part of Mrs. Edison's summers are always spent at that resort of learning, where she and her two lovely children may be seen driving about in a foreign looking little pony cart, yachting on the lake, or luxuriating on the broad verandah of the picturesque half house, half tent affair that is known to the students at the summer school as the "Miller Cottage." An aunt of Mrs. Edison is Mrs. Emily Huntington Miller—the one time editress of that successful child magazine of long ago, the Little Corporal. Mrs. Miller is the present principal of a thriving girls' college in Indiana and also the head of the Chautauqua Woman's club, an organization that meets daily during the summer school session for the purpose of discussing all affairs, both of church and state, that are of special interest to its members.

The Coal Oil Lamp.

In view of the numerous fatal and other accidents caused by petroleum and paraffin lamps, the London County Council has issued a number of suggestions in regard to the construction and management of lamps, founded partly on recommendations by Sir Frederick Abel and Mr. Boverton Redwood, after investigations into the causes of accidents. These suggestions are divided into three groups. The first relates to the construction of lamps, and on this point it is strongly urged that the oil reservoir should be of metal, instead of china, glass, or other fragile material so commonly used, while it is further said that the wick should be enclosed in a tube of thin sheet metal open at the bottom and reaching almost to the bottom of the oil reservoir. Then it is recommended that every lamp should have a broad, heavy base and a proper extinguishing apparatus. The heavy base is an important matter, as tending to prevent the upsetting of lamps, for upsetting is one of the most fruitful causes of serious accidents. It was, for instance, the cause of a fatal accident reported in our columns yesterday. Special attention is directed to the management of wicks, and as to extinguishing, it is recommended that after the wick has been lowered till there is onl a small, flickering flame, a sharp puff of breath should be sent across the top of the chimney, but not down it.—London Daily News.

All Men

Young, old or middle aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpation of the heart, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dulness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with leaden circles, oily looking skin, etc., are all the symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on diseases peculiar to man, send 10c in stamps sealed. Address M. V. Lubon, 24 Macdonnell ave., Toronto, Ont., Canada.

Thos. Firth & Sons, Ltd.
BEST CRUCIBLE CAST STEEL.

Steel, Peech & Tozer, Ltd.
BESSEMER STEEL. OPEN HEARTH STEEL.

JAMES HUTTON & Co., AGENTS,
MONTREAL AND TORONTO.

THE VICTORIA TAILORING AND DYEING ESTAB'T,
JNO. T. PIERRE Proprietor,
PIERRE BLOCK, (Near City Hall) 100 DOUGLAS STREET
SUITS from $20.00 up. PANTS from $6.00 up.
Clothes cleaned, dyed, altered and repaired. "Prices lower than the lowest.
N.B.—I have no branch store and no drummers to annoy you, but will promptly attend to all orders by mail. sat8-1m

The Axiom

"Things equal to the same thing are equal to one another."

Coarse Paper—Choked Drains—{ Plumber's Bills. / Doctor's Bills.

The Problem

Given certain drains, to keep them clear and free from obstruction.

The Demonstration

Use EDDY'S TOILET PAPER which is pure tissue, free from all deleterious substances, perfectly innocuous and readily soluble in water. No more choked drains, no more plumbers' or doctors' bills on that score. Q. E. D.

The E. B. Eddy Co.,
HULL, CANADA.

Sole Agent for British Columbia:
JAMES MITCHELL, Victoria.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

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THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B.C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use.
A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

Administrator's Notice.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of John Row Gumb, deceased; and in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake, bearing date the 29th day of August, A.D. 1893, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of John Row Gumb, late of the City of Victoria, deceased, intestate.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 29th day of September, A.D. 1893, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtness to me forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.
a30-1w

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the city of Victoria, at its next sitting, for a transfer to Robert Dodgeon, of the license now held by me, to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Mirror Saloon, situate upon the corner of Yates and Broad streets, in said city.

Dated this 5th day of July, 1893.
a4-1m EDWARD LEGG.

B. C. Agricultural Association.

Parties having accounts against the B. C. Agricultural Association are requested to send them in to the undersigned at once.

A. J. DALLAIN,
Secretary.
a24-tf

A Novel
—FOR—
31/3 cts.

CHOICE BOOKS almost Given Away to Readers of the

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The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their Value.

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To any Times subscriber who will send us Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send post-paid by mail Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below:—

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Numbers of the 3 Books Wanted .....
Your Name .....
Your Address, No. ..... Street .....
Town or City .....

Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
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No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
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THE TIMES,
Victoria, B. C.

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The Week's News From the Upper Country Districts.

RAILWAY AND ROAD PROGRESS

Busy Times on the Kaslo and Slocan—Nakusp Road to go on—Golden Hospital Contract—Thunder Hill Mines.

(The Nelson Tribune.)

The J. C. Steen interest in the saw and planing mills at Revelstoke will be sold to Frank Robinson.

M. S. Davys has discovered a bed of clay within a mile of Nelson, from which he says an excellent fire brick can be manufactured.

The engine for the Nakusp & Slocan railway has not yet been brought down from Revelstoke. Six flat cars, however, were sent up from Robson.

The newly erected telegraph line between New Denver and Kaslo is down in about fifty places. The damage was caused by fires and falling trees.

"Jack" Watson is back from a prospecting trip through the Duncan river country. He does not seem to be very enthusiastic over some of the gold finds made in that country last winter.

The dividend for the second half year of one of the banks doing business in Nelson is likely to be less than that for the first half, owing to the wearing out of carpets in the manager's office at Nelson.

The hotel men of Nelson complain that whiskey peddlers are getting in their work along the line of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway. The attention of the authorities has been called to the matter, but without any action being taken.

Reports come from Donald, in East Kootenay, of the discovery of an 80-foot ledge in Bush river district. The find is about fifty miles distant from Donald, and can be reached either from that place or from Beaver station. The ledge is too big.

The fire department of Nelson has ordered additional hose, a hose reel and a miscellaneous collection of fire fighting apparatus. The department's hall, now being erected at the corner of Josephine and Victoria streets, will be dedicated on the 23rd of September with imposing ceremonies.

Work on the Nakusp & Slocan railway is in full swing, graders being strung out to within six miles of Slocan lake. The line has been definitely located to the head of the lake and the right of way is being cleared. About half a mile of track has been laid at the Nakusp end.

Quite a number of White Grouse mountain prospectors have returned to Kaslo. All have been successful so far as making locations go, but no assays have been obtained as high as those first reported. Some of the rock brought to Kaslo recently has gone as low as 20 ounces in silver.

New Denver will have ample accommodation for the travelling public when the hotels now under way are completed. Henderson & Gething's, S. M. Wharton's, J. C. Bolander's, Harry Sheran's, Delaney & Fletcher's and C. & J. Aylwin's will all be ready for business inside of sixty days.

The government has decided to push the wagon road, now a mile east of Three Forks, through to New Denver. A survey has been made, and the estimated cost is within the means at the disposal of the government agent. The road will follow Carpenter creek and be of easy grade, as it passes through the canyon on that creek.

The trip from New Denver to Kaslo is easily made in a day. By leaving New Denver in time to catch the stage which Denver in time to catch the stage which leaves Gorman West's place at Bear Lake at 2 o'clock Kaslo is reached at half-past 6. A good walker can cover the distance between Bear Lake and New Denver (nine miles) in three hours.

About 400 men, exclusive of those working on the railways, are working for wages in Southern Kootenay. The average wage received is $3 a day, which means that the monthly disbursements for wages alone amount to $31,200. As the majority of the men are employed at mining, it is within bounds to say that half as much more is expended every month for supplies.

There is but one Canadian company operating in the Slocan country, the one of which dward Watts of Ottawa is the of which Edward Watts of Ottawa is the manager. It has eleven men at work on the Wellington and as many more doing assessment work on other claims. The Wellington recently made a shipment of ore that yielded good returns and another shipment will be made within a month.

The Columbia & Kootenay Steam Navigation Company have a sure thing on cattle shipments in this section. The beef cattle supplied the contractors on the Nakusp & Slocan railway come from the Kettle river country and are shipped north via Northport. The cattle for the Nelson & Fort Sheppard and for the local butchers at Nelson and Kaslo all come down the river via Revelstoke. The cattle from the Kettle river are supplied by the British Columbia Cattle Company, of which J. W. Coston is manager.

Considerable ore is scattered along the Slocan wagon road awaiting transportation to Kaslo. George Hughes expects to make a shipment of 80 tons from the Mountain Chief within ten days and Lane Gilliam has been awarded a contract to transport 1,000 tons from the Washington mine to Kaslo at the rate of $24 a ton, so it is said. Several tons of ore from the Idaho are piled up on the roadside west of Hughes' main camp. The Dardanelles hoisting plant is in operation, and ore will also be shipped from that mine.

(Inland Sentinel.)

Frank Allingham left on Thursday with four pack horses for the Monte Carlo mines and Bella Vista ranch, on the North Thompson, near the Clearwater.

The inquest into the cause of death of Donald Ross, drowned while bathing at Hobson's camp, Horsefly creek, on the 20th of August, resulted in a verdict of accidental death.

Clarke, who has been in jail here for some time awaiting trial for robbing the U. S. mail, was taken back to Vernon yesterday by Mr. Bullock-Webster. At the last hearing of the case the sheriff of Okanagan had not sufficient evidence to warrant the judge in giving him a trial for extradition. The sheriff in the meantime has gone to get further evidence.

(Golden Era.)

F. Lang has very generously given a bell to the public school.

Harvesting is being actively carried on in the district. The crops all round are looking well.

Archie McMurdo came in from the International on Monday, bringing several supplies of very promising quartz with him.

On Friday morning last as Ogilvie's freight was nearing Illecillewaet a broken rail caused six cars and the locomotive to leave the track, three of the cars going to the bottom of the dump.

Several men came down from the Thunder Hill mine on Monday's boat. Work has been temporarily suspended there. James Brady has gone to the coast to confer with the board of directors on the subject.

The contract for building the hospital has een let to Jas. Henderson of Golden. The figures were about $1,000. As the labor has been let by contract, the lumber will go on the same basis. Dr. Taylor of Ottawa has accepted the appointment offered him as house surgeon to the Golden Hospital Association.

Mr. Gardner, C. P. R. surveyor, has been in town this week, the object being to ascertain the approximate cost of bridging the Kicking Horse and continuing the line from the depot down to the mill, across the Golden Townsite Co.'s property. Such a step would make things very convenient, and as the steamboats of the Upper Columbia Co run in conjunction with the great line, very profitable also.

The output of the Canmore coal mines is now 200 tons a day, every pound of which is taken by the C. P. R. At Anthracite they have 5,000 tons stored as a base of supply, all of which will be rescreened when loading on the cars. The Canmore coal is now being washed, and in future will have no dust. New stores are being opened by the company at Canmore and Anthracite and the business is being rapidly extended in all directions.

(Kootenay Star.)

Mr. Coffin, the New York banker who is hunting near Trout Lake, bagged two large bears this week.

Sixty men are at work on the wagon road between Bear Lake and New Denver. Contractor Cameron expects to reach New Denver about the 15th of October.

Wm. Thomlinson, manager for Bourne Bros., an old Revelstokian, has been selected by the people of New Denver to fill the honorable position of justice of the peace.

W. P. Harvey, of Golden, has been appointed agent in British Columbia for the Crawford mill, which is claimed to be the cheapest and most reliable gold extractor yet known.

Owing to the depressed condition of the silver market prospectors are turning their attention to other minerals. Several claims have been located upon supposed auriferous leads, specimens from some of which show a payable percentage of gold.

S. Needham shot a monster hawk on Monday morning which is said to be the largest ever seen in the district. It measured 41 inches from tip to tip. It was perched on a stump overlooking Mr. Needham's chicken ranch, and was doubtless selecting a good fat hen for breakfast.

John Boyd arrived down from Downie Creek, Big Bend, on Monday. He has taken up a pre-emption of 320 acres of fine meadow land fronting on the river. Mr. Boyd says the best farming land in the interior is to be met with in the Big Bend country, the timber having been cleared off by beavers years ago. They are still plentiful there.

Joe Dunn has two very promising claims on the divide between the Lardeau and Duncan rivers, which he has named the Asquith and Ormonde. The ledge on which the latter is situated is 80 feet in width and the other five feet. The ore carries copper, silver and gold, but no assay has yet been made.

J. W. Haskins and W. Miller left on Thursday night for Kamloops, whence they will go up the North Thompson River, where Mr. Haskins has to inspect and report on a silver mining property near Adams lake. The ore is what is called free silver and is similar to that of the celebrated Comstock lode, with which Mr. Haskins had considerable experience. They will return in about two weeks and go to Big Bend.

Wm. Kirkup and A. Whelan, who have been prospecting in Big Bend, arrived down on Wednesday night on a raft. They allowed their craft to get too near the entrance to the canyon two or three miles up and had to go through the rapids. The raft held together and they held to the raft, and came out all right. They bring specimens from a promising gold quartz ledge they have located about three miles east of McCulloch Creek, and yesterday a sample was assayed by Mr. Holdich, and the gratifying result was 60 ounces of gold to the ton. They also found a yellow mineral very much like sulphur, which may or may not be valuable.

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Saluting the Viceroy.

An old soldier and army reserve man sends us the following: "I shall never forget the first time that I saw Lord Dufferin. In 1882, when a recruit, I was stationed at Barrackpore. One Sunday evening I was taking a walk along the road leading past the viceregal lodge, when I saw a gentleman, accompanied by two or three ladies and several gentlemen coming toward me. In my ignorance of high life I little thought that his lordship would venture abroad without a suitable escort, and as the party passed me I never came to attention or yet saluted. What was my astonishment when the leading gentleman raised his hand to his hat, smiling benignantly all the time, and passed slowly by. A sergeant, however, who had spotted my want of respect or stupidity, term it what you will, came up with all the pomposity of a drill instructor, and in scathing tones said, 'Why did you not salute? Do you know who that is?' I replied in a humble way that I was not aware, and that I had been taught not to salute civilians. 'What, you young villain! Pretend you do not know his lordship! I will get you pack drill and saluting drill until further orders.' I then became aware of the awful mistake I had made, and passed the night in an agony of apprehension, dreaming of saluting drill and Lord Dufferin alternately; but to my intense relief the worthy sergeant did not fulfill his threat, and I was allowed to go scot free from the terrible crime of not knowing and saluting the viceroy of all India. I often think now of the oportunity I lost of making one of my grandest salutes, and perhaps, who knows, I might have been an officer now. As it is I am still a private, happy and contented, only that salute, that was not, still troubles my mind."—London Globe.

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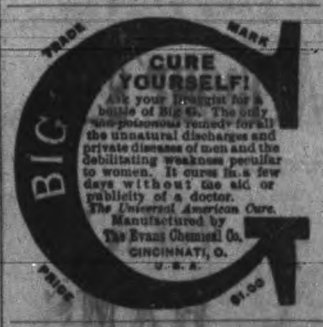
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SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

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LACROSSE.

THEIR FIRST DEFEAT.

The Victoria lacrosse team was beaten for the first time this season on the Brockton field at Vancouver on Saturday. The game was one of the hardest ever played in the province, the time having to be extended 30 minutes. The score was 4 to 3. Most of the Vancouver men played well but others had evidently made up their minds to "lay out" the Victorians. Spain hit Macnaughton over the head three times in the first game, one of the strokes cutting the scalp. The wound had to be stitched. After receiving this stroke Macnaughton was feeling "groggy" and could not play as well as usual. Suckling played as roughly as usual, and succeeded in cutting Eckardt's leg in two places. Referee Brouse, a Westminster player, was appealed to, but he took no notice of the rough playing. Although seriously handicapped by the effects of the treatment, Macnaughton and Eckardt received, the Victoria home played a stubborn game. Blight and Tite played well in centre, but Morton did not play as he has played. The Victoria defense did some good work. Quann, Vancouver's goal-keeper played a splendid game.

AQUATIC.

J.B.A.A. REGATTA.

The events of the J.B.A.A. regatta which took place after the Times went to press on Saturday were as well contested as those the result of which were given. W. Askew won the upset race in a small Siwash canoe, those who had Peterboros being unable to right them. The race was amusing and exciting. The junior single sculls was won by F. Mallandaine with ease. The other competitors were W. Askew and S. D. Schultz. Munro, Austin, Wilson and Askew won the four paddle canoe race easily. W. Scott and D. O'Sullivan were the only starters in the senior singles, E. Mallandaine jr., being too ill to row. Scott and O'Sullivan are both grand oarsmen and a great deal of interest was centred in the event. Both rowed steadily from start to finish, Scott winning by several lengths. The James Bay crew won the Indian war canoe race, and George Askew won the 100 yards swimming race.

The most exciting contest of the day was the four-oared race between O'Sullivan's and Bailey's crews, the finish being a splendid exhibition of hard rowing. The winners were only two feet ahead. The boats kept the same relative position all the way round the course. Dr. Duncan acted as time keeper, Supt. Hussey doing the starting, while the Ven. Archdeacon Scriven rendered valuable assistance in the judging.

In the evening the members were "at home" at the club house where they entertained a large number of ladies and gentlemen. Dancing was kept up from 8:30 till 11:30. The ladies committee in charge of the refreshments, covered themselves with glory, and won unlimited commendation, which was all well deserved.

The winning crews' names are: four oar, first heat, C. E. Bailey, (stroke,) W. Ditcham, S. D. Schultz, F. S. Widdowson, (bow); final heat: W. Scott, (stoke), J. W. Hutchison, E. E. Billinghurst, W. M. Wilkerson (bow); war canoe race: J.B.A.A. team: G. F. Askew, J. Watson, D. T. Jones, D. O'Sullivan, W. Scott, J. H. Austin, R. J. Ackland, E. E. Billinghurst, C. E. Bailey, F. S. Widdowson, B. Wilson, J. E. Wilson, Ross Munro.

THE WHEEL.

RECORDS BROKEN.

Kansas City, Sept. 2.—J. S. Johnson, a cyclist of Syracuse, broke two records to-day at the race meeting of the Kansas City bicyclists. He made a quarter mile in 34 flat and three miles in 7.50, lowering the records for those distances on a quarter mile track.

ATHLETIC.

POLE VAULTING RECORD.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Theodore Buchols, of this city, broke the world's record for pole vaulting for distance at the fourth annual games of the Bank Clerks' Athletic Association this afternoon by clearing 27 feet and 3-4 of an inch. The best previous record was 26 feet 5 5-8 inches, ade by C. B. Morse at Berkeley, Cal., on Aug. 25.

THE TURF.

LORILLARD RETIRES.

New York, Sept. 2.—Pierre Lorillard has decided to sell his entire stable of horses in training and temporarily retire from the turf. His stable will be sold in two lots, the first on September 8 at Sheepshead Bay, including the following well-known horses: Lamplighter, Kilkenny, Julien, Yemen, Kildeer, Defargilla, Rubicon, Curacoa, Lochinvar, Roma, Ixion, Flirt and Venusburg. Lorillard's retirement is due to continued ill-health. He will spend the winter and possibly a year in California.

DIRECTUM AGAIN.

Fleetwood, Sept. 2.—Directum to-day trotted a competition mile in 2.09 1-2, breaking the record he made on Wednesday of 2.09 3-4. He made the quarter in 32 seconds, the half in 1.03 1-4, then up hill to the three-quarters in 1.36 1-2, and the mile in 2.09 1-2. This was the third heat of the 2.12 trot, the first two heats of which he won also in 2.11 3-4 and 2.11 1-2 respectively. Phoebe Wilkes was second and Hazel Wilkes third.

THE RIFLE.

B.C. AT RIDEAU.

Ottawa, Sept. 4.—Gunner Turnbull, B. C., after firing off two ties came in fourth for the Governor-General's prize, getting a badge. Staff-Sgt. Simpson is the first man on the Bisley team.

THE RING.

DETERMINED TO LIVE.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Despite the protests of the citizens of Lake County, Indiana, and the avowed purpose of the executive and judiciary of that state to use every means in their power to put a period to the career of the Columbian Athletic Club, that organization will to-night resume operations. Elaborate precautions have been taken to protect against another attack by the South Chicago toughs, the skirmish which took place at the last contest having almost resulted in burning the arena with its thousands of spectators. The club seems to be in hard luck, being obliged to protect itself from the legal onslaughts of the authorities on one hand and from the attack of the lawless element on the other. To-night there will be a double bill, a ten-round contest between the Bantam weights, Jimmy Barry, of Chicago, and John Connors of Springfield, Ill., serving as a curtain raiser to the finish fight between the feather weights, George Lavigne of Saginaw, and Young Griffo of Australia. A purse of $500 and a side bet of the same amount are "hung up" on the former event, and a purse of $2,500 and a side bet of $1000 on the latter.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Louisville, Sept. 4.—A mob of determined men, evidently of the Martin gang of outlaws, made a raid on the Priceville jail last night and tried to rescue Martin, arrested for attempted assassination of passengers on a train of the Middleborough belt line railroad. The jail officials had been warned and secreted the prisoners in the mountains. When the men arrived they overpowered Jailer Neal and searched the jail. Not finding the men they went away without attempting any violence. It is feared trouble will yet ensue, and as soon as possible the prisoners will be brought to a more civilized community, to be kept until they can be tried.

New York, Sept. 4.—Several cases of small-pox were discovered in a tenement on Madison avenue to-day.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—The formal opening of the Columbian Roman Catholic congress of the United States was marked by solemn high mass at St. Mary's church. There was a large attendance of decgates. At the conclusion the delegates proceeded to the institute where the congress was held. Every diocese in the vicarate of the United States was represented. There were fully 5000 persons in the audience when the congress was called to order. Archbishop Feehan welcomed the visitors and outlined the work expected to be done during the week.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—The labor parade to-day was one of the biggest demonstrations ever made by the working classes in this or any other country. In addition to the membership of the local organizations, the thousands of unemployed and unemployed workers joined in the demonstration, and it is estimated that the total number in line was 75,000. The parade was formed at 9 o'clock at Bricklayers' Hall, and after making a circuit of the principal streets was reviewed at the Grand Pacific hotel by the the mayor, members of the city council and the officers of the larger organizations. After disbanding the participants in the parade assembled at an outlying park, where addresses were delivered by Mayor Harrison, Hugh O'Donnell, of Homestead fame, and several others.

New York, Sept. 4.—Labor demonstrations are being held in the large cities in all parts of the country, that in this city being of a much larger scale than any previous one. It is calculated by the officials of the American Federation of Labor from the returns that have been received from Chicago, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Buffalo, St. Louis, Kansas City, and other places throughout the west, that in the neighborhood of three-quarters of a million workingmen participated in the various demonstrations.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Labor day was observed by a parade and excursion of the Bricklayers' association. A number of other organizations joined the excursionists.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 4.—The trade and labor unions paraded 5,000 strong in the celebration to-day.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 4.—The wage earners turned out 14,000 strong. There were two parades; that under the auspices of the Central Labor Union was the largest.

Boston, Sept. 4.—Nearly 15,000 men paraded to-day. Elaborate floats and fitting mottoes were displayed.

After other addresses Cardinal Gibbons began the opening address. He was loudly applauded as he rose to speak. He said: "What an inspiring and consoling spectacle is this. Whether I consider the vastness of the numbers of the representatives, their character, or contemplate their intelligence on their faces, I cannot but exclaim, this is a sight well-calculated to bring joy and gladness to the hearts of American Roman Catholics." The Cardinal next referred to the World's Fair and spoke in glowing terms of praise of the exhibition and Chicago's efforts. He decared that Chicago should no longer be called the "Windy City" or "Porkopolis" but "Thoumatopolis, the city of wonders." He reminded the congress of the work it had to come to do, and said its deliberation would go far to enlighten public opinion and mould public thought on religious, moral and social questions. He expressed the wish that the proceedings would be characterized by courtesy and fairness, and closed by invoking the divine blessing on the proceedings.

General Dispatches.

Kingston, Jamaica, Sept. 4.—No news of the missing Atlas steamer Alve has been received at Fortune Key, one of the Bahama Islands, where she would put in if disabled or had met with any severe stress of weather. News has been received from Geneva, Hayti, where she was to call, but the steamer had not put in there or at any other Haytian ports. She has been given up as lost.

Shanghai, Sept. 4.—The French Roman Catholic mission in Lichuen, province of Hu Pei, was attacked and sacked by a Chinese mob. The priests fled.

London, Sept. 4.—A family named Wall, father and four children, was burned to death at their home in Hammersmith to-day.

Return of the Queen.

The steamship Queen arrived from Alaska yesterday and left last night for the Sound. She brought down a large number of miners and prospectors who have been out all summer, and also a number of tourists who went up for the trip. The Queen will return here to-morrow and load the San Francisco freight discharged by the Mogul. She will then leave for that port, probably to remain there for the winter.

TEMPORARILY CLOSED.

Effect of the Silver Market on the Thunder Hill Mine.

A meeting of the directors of the Thunder Hill Mining Company was held this morning to consider a report from Mr. Hansen, the engineer in charge. The machinery was erected by Mr. Hansen, and his report dealt with the question of putting in amalgam plants for catching the gold. The mine has been closed temporarily, as it has been found necessary to make some changes in the machinery. The report is being considered by the directors.

The state of the silver market has, it is said, something to do with the closing of the mine and the move to have amalgam plants erected. T. Mercier, who has been in charge of the outside work at the mine, told a Times representative to-day he believed there is enough gold in the ore to pay the company to run their plant.

Grand Lodge I. O. G. T.

The Grand Lodge, I.O.G.T. of B.C., meets in this city to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The convention will probably extend over Wednesday and Thursday. Delegates will be present from all parts of the province.

Passengers for the East.

Aboard the steamship City of Puebla, due here this afternoon from San Francisco, are 120 passengers who are going east over the C. P. R. They will leave the steamship here and take the Premier for Vancouver in the morning. Most of them are on the way to the World's Fair. The C. P. R. is taking a deal of California business this summer.

An Empress Due.

The Empress of China is expected to-morrow morning from Yokohama. The local officials of the C. P. R. have been apprised that Archduke Ferdinand of Austria-Hungary is aboard with his suite and will leave the vessel at Victoria. An official welcome will be given the Archduke. The Vancouver officials of the C. P. R. are here to meet the steamship.

Inconsistent Man.

A man can take his life in his hand and go boldly into the trackless prairie to meet a herd of savage buffaloes, or he can traverse the horrors of an African jungle without a shudder in his body. But he cannot enter a fancy wool shop to match a special hue without breaking into a violent perspiration and finally rushing out without fulfilling his task.

A man can suffer the amputation of a limb in the most heroic manner, but he cannot endure a mustard plaster on his chest without shrieking aloud for mercy.

A man can bear the deprivation of his wealth with the calmness of a stoic, but he cannot lose his collar stud on the bedroom floor without a violent outburst of temper.

A man can endure the pangs of hunger on a desert island with a brave spirit, but he cannot eat his bride's first pudding without a smothered ejaculation.

A man can smile grimly under the tortures of the rack, but he cannot tread on a tin tack with his bare feet without a bitter howl.

A man can walk forty miles a day and arrive fresh and bright at the end of his journey, but he cannot nurse a baby half an hour without complaining that he is utterly worn out.

A man can calculate to the uttermost farthing the cost of the Suez canal, but he cannot estimate the price of a woman's bonnet without the most egregious errors.

A man can possess the physical strength of a Samson, but he cannot help to take down the pictures for the annual spring cleaning without feeling completely exhausted with his labors.

A man can beard the savage tiger in his lair without a quiver in his muscles, but he cannot bring an unexpected friend to dinner on a washing day without trembling in every limb.

A man can suffer death at the stake with the dignity of a martyr, but he cannot chase after his hat in a public road without looking ridiculous.

A man can wait many years in proud silence for the public appreciation of his work, but at a domestic crisis he cannot get up and light the fire every day for a week without feeling that he is fit for immediate canonization.

A man will go through fire and water to win the girl of his heart, but he will not allow her to see him with a four days' growth on his chin.—Chicago Dispatch.

PERSONAL.

Richard Inkster is down from Cassiar.

Dr. H. Wasson of Wellington is in the city.

W. B. Townsend, of Vancouver, is in the city.

Capt. F. W. Gatter arrived up on the Kingston last evening.

Abd. A. L. Belyea returned from the east on Saturday evening.

Capt. Robertson and wife came down from Vancouver last evening.

Mrs. W. J. Macaulay was a passenger from the Sound last evening.

F. C. Holden and C. F. Jones returned from the Mainland last night.

A. Driscoll of the Canadian Alaska boundary survey party is at the Dvlard.

M. K. Jones spent Sunday in the city. He will return here to remain on the 25th inst.

J. A. Fullerton, Jas. Sclater, J. Fagan, T. Alcock, and Geo. McL. Brown, are down to meet the Empress of China.

E. G. Anderson is back from a two month's trip to New York, Chicago, Toronto, Montreal and Hamilton.

J. L. and A. E. Todd, sons of J. H. Todd, leave for Ontario this evening, to resume their studies at the Upper Canada College.

Dr. Milne, M.P.P., goes up to Vancouver this evening to attend the triennial meeting of the B. C. Medical Council, which meets in the Terminal city to-morrow.

Miss M. Hall, London, Eng.; H. McCulloch and wife, Galt, Ont.; Mrs. F. Scott and Mr. T. E. Lord, Hull, Que., are at the Dvlard. They returned from Alaska on the Queen.

Marine.

The operator at Carmanah reported a schooner bound in at 10 o'clock this morning.

Capt. Green, of the schooner St. Lawrence, of Seattle, says that too many boats are going into the fishing business, and that the St. Lawrence will go on a sealing cruise next season.

A Battle for Blood

Is what Hood's Sarsaparilla vigorously fights, and it is always victorious in expelling all the foul taints and giving the vital fluid the quality and quantity of perfect health. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, boils and other troubles caused by impure blood.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills. 25c. Sent by mail on receipt of price by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

DIED.

BAXTER—On Sunday, Sept. 3rd, at 2.30 a.m., Aubrey George, only son of Charles S. and Elinor Baxter, aged one year.

—THE—

Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS

55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST., COR. OF FORT ST.

NEW GOODS NOW ARRIVING

New Trimmings,
New French Flannels,
New Navy Serges,
New Black Serges,
New Dress Goods,
New Fancy Serges

NEW GOODS at our USUAL LOW CASH PRICES arriving all the time.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Armour's

★ STAR
★ HAMS
And
★ BACON

Have Arrived.

27 Days from Chicago, Via Great Northern Ry.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

NEW GOODS

For Fall and Winter

Just Received at

A. GREGG & SONS, TAILORS, 82 Yates Street.

THE VICTORIA TAILORING AND DYEING ESTAB'T,

JNO. T. PIERRE Proprietor,

PIERRE BLOCK, (Near City Hall) 100 DOUGLAS STREET

SUITS from $20.00 up. PANTS from $6.00 up.

Clothes cleaned, dyed, altered and repaired. "Prices lower than the lowest. N.B.—I have no branch store and no drummers to annoy you, but will promptly attend to all orders by mail. au18-1m

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase).....£600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE.....£260,000, $1,265,333

HEAD OFFICE: . . . 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.

IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

TENDERS

Are invited for school building, North Ward, to be delivered at the office of the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock noon, on Wednesday, September 6th, accompanied by a certified check of the value of 5 per cent. of the total amount of the tender, or by an agreement, duly signed by the tenderer and two responsible ratepayers, to execute a bond for $5000, if called upon to do so. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

SOULE & DAY, Architects.
Five Sisters Block
Victoria, B.C., Aug. 25, 1893. a26-td

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received up to noon, Saturday, 9th inst., for sewers and connections, Plumbers' work, etc., on Seventy-two Houses. Each tender must be accompanied by a certified cheque for one-half the amount of contract, or they will not be entertained. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect.
Aug30-td (Colonist copy.)

Photographs!

Finest CABINET PHOTOS $3.00 PER DOZEN, FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

K. FORBES MACKIE, Photographer, 50½ Government Street

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

Large shipment of New Goods just received.

BASKETS, HAMPERS, FLOWER POTS, PAPER NAPKINS, &c.

Prices lower than ever.

T. S. FUTCHER, Importer and Retailer.

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Newfoundland Cod

First of this season's New Boned Cod Fish, just arrived, at 10c. per lb.

R. H. JAMESON, 33 Fort St.

What do you want A Waterproof for?

To Wear in Wet Weather?

Then you want to be sure that it is waterproof and you want the best article that you can get for the money. These chemically treated cloth garments are neither one thing nor the other. Did you ever see one after it had been thoroughly wet and then had dried up to about two sizes smaller.

Currie's Edinburgh Waterproof Coats, Are Just What You Want.

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Estate of Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell.

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

Take notice that pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," by indenture dated and executed the 19th day of August, 1893, by Harry Disher, of No. 89 Herald street, in the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, and Stephen Graham Campbell, of No. 8 North Park street, in the said city of Victoria, carrying on business of grocers at No. 81 Douglas street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style or firm name of Disher & Campbell, the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell, granted and assigned their real and personal property to Charles Fox Todd, of No. 218 Johnson street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, and carrying on business at 72 Wharf street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, and Joseph Clearihue, residing at Cadboro Bay road, in the said city of Victoria, and carrying on business at 20 Yates street, in the said city of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the creditors of the said Harry Disher and Stephen Graham Campbell. The said Charles Fox Todd and Joseph Clearihue executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 19th day of August, 1893.

Dated the 21st day of August, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS, of 46 Langley street, Victoria, B. C. Solicitors for the trustees. a21-1m

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890

Notice is hereby given, that Edward White, carrying on business at Number 81 Government street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Brown & White, dry goods merchants, has assigned all his real and personal property, except as therein mentioned, to John Joel Austin, of the said city of Victoria, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Edward White. The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustee on the 21st day of August, A.D. 1893, and the said assignee has undertaken the trusts created by the said deed. All persons having claims against the said Edward White must forward and deliver full particulars of claim, duly verified, to the assignee at Victoria, on or before the 21st day of October, 1893. All persons indebted to the said Edward White are required to pay the amount due by them to the said assignee forthwith. After the said 21st day of October, 1893, the trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice. A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the assignee, 32 Fort street, Victoria, on Monday, the 28th day of August, instant, at 3 o'clock p.m.

THORNTON FELL, 50 Langley St., Victoria. Solicitor for the Assignee.

Dated 21st day of August, 1893. a21-3w3

NORTH SAANICH HOTEL.

FORFAR & WRIGHT, Proprietors.

This new hotel, situated on Shoal Bay, (near Brackman & Kerr's Mills) is now open for the reception of guests. Excellent boating and fishing, and a pleasant place to spend the holidays. Comfortable rooms at moderate prices. jy11-2m-d&w

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a timber cutting license of Valdes Island, to cut and carry away timber from the following described land commencing at a post in Deep Water Bay and running southeast 60 chains more or less; thence northeast 60 chains, thence northwest 60 chains; thence southwest 60 chains to place of commencement.

THOMAS PETCH

August 11th, 1893. 31-1m